1	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA
2	CHARLESTON DIVISION
3	WILLIAM B. TUTTLE, JR., RAYMOND J. : VOLUME II JOHNSON, GEORGE H. KUCHEN, JOHN E. :
4	STRAIT, RICHARD SIROIS, WILLIAM : MENKINS and JAMES A. TAYLOR :
5	vs.
6	DANIEL MARVIN, TRINE DAY, LLC : 2:04 CV 948
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9	Trial in the above-captioned matter held on Tuesday,
10	January 24, 2007, commencing at 9:07 a.m., before the
11	Hon. David C. Norton, in the United States Courthouse,
12	Courtroom II, 81 Meeting St., Charleston, South Carolina.
13	
14	APPEARANCES:
15	BOBBY G. DEAVER, ESQUIRE, 3760 Bald Mountain Rd.,
16	West Jefferson, NC, appeared for plaintiffs.
17	BENJAMIN W. DEAVER, ESQUIRE, 705 Princess St., Wilmington, NC, appeared for plaintiffs.
18	CHRIS OGIBA, ESQUIRE, 205 King St., Charleston,
19	SC, appeared for defendants.
20	BARRY A. BACHRACH, ESQUIRE, 311 Main St., Worchester, MA, appeared for defendants.
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22	
23	REPORTED BY DEBRA L. POTOCKI, RMR, RDR, CRR Official Court Reporter for the U.S. District Court
24	P.O. Box 835 Charleston, SC 29402
25	843/723-2208

1	INDEX	
2		
3	WITNESS: JOHN STRAIT (CONTINUED)	
4	Cross-Examination by Mr. Bachrach	219
5	Recross-Examination by Mr. Bachrach	254
6	WITNESS: GEORGE KUCHEN	
7	Direct Examination by Mr. Collins	257
8	Cross-Examination by Mr. Bachrach	267
9	Redirect Examination by Mr. Collins	212
10	DEPOSITION OF WILLIAM B. TUTTLE READ	274
11	WITNESS: HUGH OVERHOLT	
12	Direct Examination by Mr. Deaver	275
13	Cross-Examination by Mr. Ogiba	294
14	Recross-Examination by Mr. Ogiba	352
15	WITNESS: RAYMOND JOHNSON	
16	Direct Examination by Mr. Collins	354
17	Cross-Examination by Mr. Bachrach	371 381
18	Redirect Endminactor by the continuous	-
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
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(Jury not present.)

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THE COURT: Who's going to complain first?

MR. COLLINS: Since my complaint is the smallest, I'll go first, I guess. Judge, I just want to reiterate what we talked about yesterday. As I told you yesterday, there is -- our complaint, we had alleged that they had -- publisher had a duty in this case to accurately vet, investigate and publish only truthful and nonlibelous statements. statement was admitted in the answer.

THE COURT: Under the negligence cause of action.

MR. COLLINS: Sir?

THE COURT: Under the negligence cause of action.

MR. COLLINS: Nonetheless, an admission.

THE COURT: Under the negligence cause of action.

MR. COLLINS: Yes, sir, but since we have a negligence standard in your charge, I'd like some sort of affirmative statement from the Court as to the admission of that duty.

I have great respect for you as a lawyer, THE COURT: and there is a great respect for the common law, but unless you give me some judge that has said that before you thought that up today, or some case that says that, you know, I'm not going to do it.

MR. COLLINS: I didn't think it up, actually, I thought it up yesterday, in all candor. It just makes sense

to me that if there's an admission in the record, that it 1 2 could go to the jury. 3 THE COURT: Well, there's an admission in the record, because y'all admitted it. 4 5 MR. OGIBA: Well, I think, Your Honor, you hit on the 6 We admitted it, I believe, on the negligence cause of point. 7 action that they asserted. I think you can draw a clear distinction between a negligence cause of action and a 8 9 negligence standard under a defamation cause of action. 10 THE COURT: Okay. If you can find a case that 11 supports what you want, I'll be glad to listen to it. I mean, 12 I think the negligence standard under the defamation cause of action is classic, you know, what would a reasonable man do 13 under the same or similar circumstances, and I think that's in 14 15 the charge. 16 MR. COLLINS: Okay. 17 THE COURT: All right. Anything else from the 18 plaintiffs? 19 MR. COLLINS: No, sir. 20 THE COURT: Okay. 21 MR. OGIBA: Your Honor, we have a few comments on the 22 jury instructions. 23 THE COURT: Just give me pages so I can take a look 24 at it. 25 MR. OGIBA: Page 13, under actionability of

1 statement?

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THE COURT: Is it in here? All right.

MR. OGIBA: Your Honor, respectfully, we would request that additional guidance be given to the jury that the actionability of statement is simply an element of the defamation claim. And we have a few suggestions on how to do that, within the confines of what you already have down under (d).

We would respectfully request that to begin --

THE COURT: The whole thing, three pages before that, says it's an element.

MR. OGIBA: Correct, Your Honor, but if you read this in and of itself, especially the last sentence, we believe that it may unduly confuse the jury into thinking that they have established a defamation claim, based on that last sentence.

THE COURT: Well, the last sentence says, therefore, I instruct you that each plaintiff has met this element as a matter of law.

MR. OGIBA: And that the statements are actionable. We would simply request additional, you know, conditions in that sentence.

THE COURT: Such as?

MR. OGIBA: Such as, okay, we have just -- and we've drafted up a conditional statement in here -- just because a

necessarily mean that it is defamatory, nor does it make any other element of plaintiffs' defamation claims more or less proven.

THE COURT: You start out on page eight saying in order to recover under action for defamation, each plaintiff must establish four essential elements by the preponderance of the evidence. So they can't find any defamation unless they find all four.

MR. OGIBA: Correct, Your Honor. I think where we're having problems is with the last sentence in particular, where it talks about the statements being actionable. I think the term actionable may imply to a jury, a lay jury, that the defamation cause of action, as a matter of law, has been established.

THE COURT: What you propose makes me more confused than what we had to begin with. So say that again.

MR. OGIBA: Okay. We have just at the very end of this, just because a statement is actionable, does not necessarily mean that it is defamatory, nor does it make any other element of plaintiffs' defamation claims more or less proven.

THE COURT: What I think probably would be -- is after (d), right before it says damages, I'm just going to repeat the introduction on page eight, something to the effect

that remember, in order to recover under cause of action for defamation, each plaintiff must establish each of these four essential elements by the preponderance of the evidence. Does that solve your problem?

MR. OGIBA: I think it does, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Any problem with that?

MR. COLLINS: No, sir.

THE COURT: And I can understand there may be some confusion, but I think that distills it, if you bracket it with that.

MR. OGIBA: I think it does. Also in that same paragraph, Your Honor, where -- and we understand your ruling, we're not disputing your ruling on this issue.

THE COURT: At least not in this court.

MR. OGIBA: Not in this court. But where it indicates that defendants' allegedly defamatory statements about plaintiffs Johnson, Kuchen, Strait, Sirois, Menkins and Taylor --

THE COURT: Menkins is leaving.

MR. OGIBA: -- are actionable because they allege crimes of moral turpitude. Now, we think an aspect of this case is that each of these plaintiffs needs to establish that -- that there were specific crimes alleged about each one of them in particular. We believe that some of these plaintiffs may or may not be able to establish that the book

1 alleges crimes against them. 2 THE COURT: Okay. Well, bring that up at the end of 3 the case when the evidence is not in. 4 MR. OGIBA: Okay. 5 THE COURT: I mean, if there's not evidence to 6 support the element, then a judgment as a matter of law, then 7 we'd have to throw that plaintiff out. 8 MR. OGIBA: Okay. 9 THE COURT: Okay? 10 MR. OGIBA: Thank you. 11 Our next issue that we'd like to address is on page 14. 12 THE COURT: Okay. 13 MR. OGIBA: Under the actual damages for the 14 negligence standard under the defamation claim. 15 THE COURT: Um-hum. 16 MR. OGIBA: We would request that the jury be 17 instructed that each plaintiff bears the burden of proving 18 actual damages under the negligence standard, and that such 19 damages are not presumed. 20 THE COURT: Any problem with that? 21 MR. BEN DEAVER: Yes, sir, Your Honor, it's my 22 understanding that if it's a negligence per se -- excuse me --23 a defamation or libel per se, then damages are presumed. 24 THE COURT: The word libel per se is not even in this 25 instruction, okay? I remember law school where we talked

about libel per se and libel per quote and all that kind of stuff.

MR. BEN DEAVER: If it goes to --

THE COURT: But actual damages, they've got to prove just like everybody does, even in a car accident, right?

MR. BEN DEAVER: It's my understanding under the law, Your Honor, since they're not public figures, officials, that the damages are presumed and they don't have the burden to prove the damages.

THE COURT: From what my lawyer said, and what your letter that you got ten days ago says, under the Gertz case, unless there's actual malice, there are no presumed damages. I think. My lawyer thinks. Hold on a second.

MR. BEN DEAVER: So if actual malice is shown, or reckless and knowingly, then we would ask that the damages be assumed, and presume that damages are there.

THE COURT: We're talking about two different things. On page 14 we're talking about if you conclude that one or both damages were at fault by being negligent, but did not have actual malice, then each plaintiff is entitled to recover actual damages for the statement the injury caused him. And then that's the elements of actual damages, but there's really nothing in here that says that they have to prove it.

MR. BEN DEAVER: Yes, sir, Your Honor.

THE COURT: I mean, if you look on page four of the

letter I sent y'all.

MR. OGIBA: Respectfully, Your Honor, on this issue under Gertz, I have a direct quote from Gerts. It said the Court holds, "We hold that states may not permit recovery of presumed or punitive damages, at least when liability is not based on a showing of knowledge of falsity or reckless disregard for the truth."

THE COURT: Also, my lawyer tells me that South
Carolina has interpreted Gertz in Holtzscheiter and Thomson —
footnote eight, which is 506 Southeast 2d 497 at footnote 513,
says, "Where a plaintiff in a constitutional defamation case
relies on conduct less than constitutional malice, she may not
rely on presumed damages, but must demonstrate actual injury."
Okay. So that's even though South Carolina doesn't recognize
the Supreme Court sometimes, it does in this case. Actual
injury means not only out—of—pocket losses, but includes
injury to reputation, mental suffering, anguish and personal
humiliation. So we'll add a burden of proof paragraph in this
portion of the damages, okay?

MR. OGIBA: Also, Your Honor, dovetailing into that argument, we, on the very next page, page 15, you address special damages. If we could get a similar instruction as to special damages, that the plaintiffs need to prove special damages in order to recover them, and that they're not presumed, that section, as you can see, falls directly after

the actual malice analysis, in which you talk about presumed damages. And so we just request an instruction here that those damages are not presumed for special damages, under any -- under negligence or actual malice.

THE COURT: And this is Ogiba on what? Where do you find that, except it's better for your clients to put that in there.

MR. OGIBA: Well, we would maintain it would be under the same -- under the same analysis, same Gerts analysis, that actual -- that pursuant to the Court, the Court maintains that you cannot establish -- that you may only establish actual damages -- presumed damages under actual malice standard, but punitive damages -- and we would maintain special damages -- do not fit within that presumed damage rubric.

THE COURT: We'll think about that, but it seems to be inconsistent for you to take the position that Gerts says if you have negligence and not actual malice, then you don't presume damages, but if you do have actual malice, you don't presume damages. Okay?

MR. OGIBA: Well, we concede that Gerts says that you can presume actual damages in an actual malice -- from an actual malice standpoint, but there's no case that maintains that you presume special or punitive damages under any --

THE COURT: There's nothing in here that says you presume punitive damages.

1 MR. OGIBA: Correct. 2 THE COURT: I don't believe. 3 Correct. We're just addressing special MR. OGIBA: 4 damages. 5 THE COURT: So we'll look at that and we'll let you 6 know. 7 MR. OGIBA: The next point we'd like to address is on 8 page 20. 9 THE COURT: All right. 10 MR. OGIBA: About two-thirds of the way through the 11 large paragraph on page 20, a sentence begins -- where you --12 and we understand this is part of the ruling that you rendered 13 before, that -- finding that Marvin and Trine Day are limited purpose public figures. We would just request that the 14 15 statement that reads both Marvin and Trine Day, LLC, are/have 16 injected themselves into this particular issue, that that be 17 stricken. 18 THE COURT: I'll strike the are for sure, okay? 19 MR. OGIBA: Okay. 20 THE COURT: Why? 21 MR. OGIBA: We think it's sufficient just to indicate 22 that they're limited purpose public figures, instead of 23 asserting that they've injected themselves into this dispute. 24 We would argue that it's repetitive, and perhaps prejudicial. 25 THE COURT: I'll take a look at that, too.

MR. OGIBA: Okay. And finally, Your Honor, and this again dovetails into the damages discussion that we had before, but on page 22, the very last sentence, the last paragraph before abuse of process, where it reads, "Each defendant is prohibited from recovering any damages for defamation without clear and convincing proof the statement or statements were made with actual malice." We would request that that similar statement be made under the plaintiffs' instructions for — not for all damages, but for special and punitive damages.

THE COURT: Page 17 says punitive damages must be proven by evidence which is clear and convincing, so that's in there, there, I believe.

MR. OGIBA: Correct. I guess this kind of plays into the special damages aspect.

THE COURT: So if I understand correctly, on page 22, you have no problem with the last paragraph right above abuse of process, you just want it applied to the plaintiffs' causes of action?

MR. OGIBA: Exactly.

THE COURT: And it is applied to the plaintiffs' causes of action, or plaintiffs' punitive damages request, because I just pointed that out. And so where do you get the requirement that the plaintiffs prove special damages by clear and convincing evidence? Where does that come from?

1 MR. OGIBA: Well, we are simply arguing that under --2 given that the plaintiffs -- you have found that the 3 plaintiffs are private figures, that they are allowed to 4 establish -- establish liability on the basis of negligence. 5 And that under that analysis, they can only -- that for their 6 negligence cause of action, they can only -- they must prove 7 their actual damages. However --8 THE COURT: They don't have a negligence cause of 9 action. 10 MR. OGIBA: I'm sorry, the negligence standard under 11 their defamation dause of action. 12 THE COURT: Now, you see why I wanted you to say who 13 all's telling the truth? Okay. 14 MR. OGIBA: But when we're talking about presumed 15 damages under the actual malice standard, the only presumed 16 damages you can presume, are the -- are the actual damages, general -- the actual damages, but not any other damages. 17 18 That's the position of the defendants. 19 THE COURT: Let me -- if they're presumed damages, 20 okay? 21 MR. OGIBA: Yes. 22 THE COURT: Why do you have any burden of proof, once 23 they're presumed? 24 MR. OGIBA: That's -- we agree, Your Honor, but that 25 presumed damages only applies to the actual damages.

there's no presumption of special or punitive damages under actual malice. And, therefore, we would request an instruction that they're -- that the plaintiffs must prove that special and punitive damages by clear and convincing evidence.

THE COURT: I agree with you on punitive damages, it's in there. Where do you get the requirement that they prove special damages by clear and convincing evidence?

MR. OGIBA: I think we're reading it as an exclusion. It's not specifically excluded, but given that only -- only actual damages may be presumed, pursuant to the case law, given that special damages are not specifically mentioned as a presumed element of damage, we would maintain that there needs to be a clear and convincing standard for proving special damages.

THE COURT: I mean, it's a nice theory, and again, treating you like I treated Mr. Collins, I have great respect for you and your legal training also, but you're making this clear and convincing standard of proof out of whole cloth. I mean, I don't see any court that's ever said that.

MR. OGIBA: Well --

THE COURT: Because, you know, under every case, you know, you have -- you prove actual damages by a preponderance of the evidence, you prove punitive damages by clear and convincing evidence, okay? Special damages aren't punitive

damages. I don't see where we find an additional burden of proof on the special damages.

MR. OGIBA: So just for clarification's sake, Your Honor is ruling that special damages may also be presumed? If they prove actual malice? The plaintiffs?

THE COURT: I'm not -- I've given you what the jury charge is, okay? I'm not being put in that box. All right? What I'm saying is that you've got to find some court somewhere somehow that says that the plaintiffs have a burden of proving special damages by more than a preponderance of the evidence. And if you find one, that's fine. But, you know, I mean, special damages -- I mean, they're similar to actual damages elements anyway, I mean, it's the same type of thing. Right?

MR. OGIBA: Correct.

THE COURT: And so if it's the same category of damages, it would seem to me that logic is that the same category of proof as to actual and special damages, whereas punitive damages, which are, you know, extraordinary damages, require a higher burden of proof.

MR. OGIBA: Well, Your Honor, I guess that would -that would just be inconsistent with the paragraph that you've
included for the defendants, in which all of our -- actual,
special and punitive damages must be asserted by a clear and
convincing standard. Pursuant to your instructions.

THE COURT: Would you show me in there where I say that when you ask for damages, you have to prove actual damages by clear and convincing evidence?

MR. OGIBA: Well, I guess I'm -- I guess I'm reading that last paragraph before abuse of process. Each defendant is prohibited from recovering any damages for defamation without clear and convincing proof the statement or statements were made with actual malice. Now, if that's simply referring to the standard of proof under the defamation that's applicable to the defendants, the actual malice standard, which we concur would need to be proven by clear and convincing evidence, then we have no problem with that. But to the extent that it establishes that damages must be established by clear and convincing evidence, we -- then all damages would be.

THE COURT: I don't think that paragraph says that.

MR. OGIBA: Okay.

THE COURT: In order to -- I think we're going to change that last paragraph that you talked about. We're going to delete clear and convincing. So what we're going to say is each defendant is prohibited from recovering any damages for defamation without proof the statement or statements were made with actual malice as defined in pages something like that. So that refers them back to what actual malice is. And, of course, actual malice back there says clear and convincing

proof.

MR. OGIBA: Okay. That's fine.

THE COURT: Any problem with that? All right. So we'll change it to that.

MR. OGIBA: Okay. And that was all -- that was the only problem we had, was that paragraph was a little confusing, the standard.

THE COURT: I agree. So anything else?

MR. BACHRACH: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. OGIBA: Nothing further with jury instructions.

MR. BACHRACH: A situation came up, I found out last night, and I apologize for bringing it to the Court this late. When my client went back to -- after trial, and compared the tapes that he heard John Strait, and listened to the tapes he had, he realized he had one more ten-minute tape of John Strait. I alerted the defendants to this fact this morning. I only heard it quickly this morning. And I just felt obligated to bring this to the Court's attention.

THE COURT: So I mean, this is something that hasn't been revealed anywhere?

MR. BACHRACH: Yes, we had -- my client had not -- didn't discover it or realize he had it until last night.

THE COURT: Okay. And so what do you propose to do with it?

MR. BACHRACH: Well, if we were allowed, I think we'd use it. But I talked to my brothers, who -- I think they would say they object. So --

THE COURT: I assumed you would, but I mean, I didn't know whether there was some -- on those tapes sometimes there's good stuff for both people and they want them in.

Have y'all listened to it?

MR. BEN DEAVER: Your Honor, we have not heard the tapes yet. We just object to them coming in at such a late time.

THE COURT: You might want to listen to it, it may have some --

MR. DEAVER: At this late date, Your Honor, and after we've already completed our examination of Mr. Strait, I appreciate their bringing it to our attention, but without understanding what's in the tape, we prefer not to have it.

THE COURT: Okay. I mean, I think I would probably sustain that objection, since it comes at the middle of trial, and this case has been going on three years and, you know. But I assume that you're bringing that to the attention that there's nothing on that tape that Mr. Strait says now, Dangerous, this is a fiction thing and I'm just giving you a bunch of war stories so you can put it in a fiction book. You probably want that one in, right?

MR. BACHRACH: No, in fact, the tape would impeach

several of the things he said, and that's why we'd like it. 1 2 THE COURT: I think if you want, I'll sustain the 3 objection to something that's been discovered in the middle of 4 trial, after the trial has been tried for the second time, 5 Mr. Strait's been on the stand the second time, and so -- but 6 if you want to take an exception to that and take it to 7 Richmond, that's fine with me. Mark it for the Court's 8 exhibit, that's fine. 9 MR. BACHRACH: I'll just mark it for --THE COURT: Identification only? 10 11 MR. BACHRACH: Yes. Just to protect the -- preserve the --12 13 THE COURT: That would be fine. 14 I've got more paper for you. Each one of those verdict 15 forms represents one of 14 verdict forms. 16 MR. COLLINS: They looked pretty good to me 17 yesterday. 18 MR. OGIBA: And we had no objection. 19 THE COURT: But they're changed. So we refined them 20 So we thought you didn't have a complaint about the 21 first set, so we dot another set so you can complain about it. 22 MR. OGIBA: Thank you, Your Honor. 23 THE COURT: All right. Anything else, Mr. Bachrach, 24 Mr. Ogiba? 25 MR. COLLINS: The last thing is we were told

1 yesterday by our court reporter that we never moved all of 2 this stuff into evidence. 3 THE COURT: Okay. MR. COLLINS: 4 So I think we want to do that now, as a 5 joint motion. 6 THE COURT: Y'all each move all your exhibits that 7 are in those books into evidence? Okay. Without objection. 8 MR. OGIBA: Without objection, except we don't want 9 that to constitute a waiver of the introduction of future 10 exhibits into evidence. 11 THE COURT: That's fine. So all -- and whatever 12 numbers are in these books, Gail, do you have those? 13 THE CLERK: Yes, sir. THE COURT: 14 So everything that's in these books is in 15 evidence without objection. Any other exhibits you need to 16 add to, do it the old-fashioned way or either agree to it or 17 object to it and I'll make a ruling. 18 MR. DEAVER: The book itself, Your Honor. 19 THE COURT: The book itself is in evidence, too, no 20 problem? 21 MR. OGIBA: No problem. 22 THE COURT: All right. Anything else? 23 MR. COLLINS: That's it. 24 THE COURT: Is the jury here? Ready to go? 25 Yes, Your Honor. MR. OGIBA:

1 (A recess was held at this time.)

(Jury present.)

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THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen of the jury, welcome back. We'll continue with the trial of this case. All right.

Mr. Bachrach, Mr. Strait, do you want to come on back up here, please, sir.

### CROSS-EXAMINATION

### BY MR. BACHRACH:

- Q. Good morning, Mr. Strait. How would you like me to address you?
- 11 A. Any way. I left my rank at home, so --
- Q. Okay, I just wanted to make sure. Now, Mr. Strait, you prepared a questionnaire for the Special Forces, correct?
- 14 A. I believe I did, yes, sir.
- 15 Q. Who asked you to do that?
- 16 A. Pardon?
- 17 Q. Who asked you to do that?
- A. I believe the Special Forces Association, I think Jimmy

  Dean sent them out, I'm -- I'm pretty sure he did, but I can't
- 20 positively say that, that he did it personally, but --
- Q. Now, you weren't drinking when you filled out that questionnaire, correct?
- A. I'm not sure. I doubt it, because at home I don't drink at home very much, so --
  - Q. And so -- and you wanted to be truthful in that

1 questionnaire, correct?

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- A. As far as it went -- as far as I'm concerned, it was.
- Q. And if I may, I have a few things I'd like to point out to you that you indicated in the questionnaire.
  - MR. BACHRACH: Jury members, it's Exhibit 22 of defendants' exhibits.
- Q. If you turn to the sixth page, you can follow along with me.
  - Showing you what's been marked as Exhibit 22, is this your handwriting?
  - A. Can't read it; it's my handwriting.
  - Q. And in this you were answering specific questions that were posed to you by Mr. Dean?
    - A. I think that's the case, yes.
- Q. In here you wrote, "Yes; General Quang was in An Phu for the victory celebration. I cannot give dates. He was there along with a score of other officers, both Viets and U.S."
  - A. That's true.
- Q. That's true. The second question, you wrote, "A male and -- I think it says a female -- did come to An Phu. I was told they were reporters. The team, as far as I know, never got a briefing on a mission like this any time."
- 23 A. That is true.
  - Q. So there was a time when a male and female came to the camp, and you met with the woman as a reporter, and Colonel

- 1 Marvin met with the man?
- 2 A. She come in and sat at the table and we drank coffee and
- 3 | that was about the end of that there, so -- yes, I'd say that
- 4 was true.
- 5 Q. And Colonel Marvin met with the man?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 Q. Turning to the next page, I want to get into the amnesty
- issue, because the amnesty issue is true, correct?
- 9 A. Um-hum.
- 10 Q. And you wrote here, "The only thing I know about this is
- 11 | that one time word came down that the CIDG --" The CIDG were
- 12 | what?
- 13 A. Civilian Indigenous Group, the Strikers there, our
- 14 soldiers, Vietnamese.
- 15 Q. "-- had been given amnesty so the camp could be turned
- 16 over to regional forces and --"
- 17 A. MACV.
- 18 Q. MACV. And that was true, correct?
- 19 **| A.** Um-hum.
- 20 Q. And turning to the next page, the final thing I'd like to
- 21 point out is you don't deny that the bunkers were all wired,
- 22 | correct?
- 23 A. Oh, they were all wired.
- Q. And, in fact, you wrote here, "The bunkers were wired for
- destruction in case of the camp being overrun by the VC. Jim

- 1 Taylor showed me this when I arrived in early March."
- 2 A. Yes.
- Q. And so the camp -- and the camps -- and the bunkers were
- 4 wired at all times?
- 5 A. Yes, as far as I knew, they were, yes.
- 6 Q. Is there any time that the bunkers weren't wired?
- 7 A. Not to my knowledge.
- 8 Q. So those were all true statements.
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 Q. Now, you were second in command of A-424 during the time
- 11 you were in An Phu, correct?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. Now, you, on the tape, indicated, I think in two places
- 14 you described the situation of Khanh Bin as all hell breaking
- 15 | loose, correct?
- 16 A. I didn't understand that.
- 17 Q. Do you recall, in listening to the tapes yesterday, that
- 18 you described the situation at Khanh Bin, the battle in May,
- 19 as all hell breaking loose.
- 20 A. Well, yes.
- 21 | O. And was that true?
- 22 A. To my knowledge, it was there. Any time that anything --
- 23 a place has been hit by combat is heartbreaking, seeing the
- 24 civilians and stuff like that and people, yes.
- 25 Q. So it was a true statement that all hell had broken loose

- 1 in Khanh Bin.
- 2 A. Well, at the time, because this is my first time in combat
- 3 here, that I had any rifle fire over me or anything. So it
- 4 sounded a lot worse than I'm sure that it was there. But when
- 5 I got there, the vegetation and bamboo and stuff where the
- 6 rounds had gone through it, you could see that. And the
- 7 schoolhouse, a B-40 round hit the schoolhouse, corner of it,
- 8 and blew a big hole in it, and to me it looked pretty awesome
- 9 at the time here. But since then in other camps I've been, it
- 10 wouldn't have been so awesome.
- 11 Q. But 22 years later, when you made the tape in 1988, you
- 12 still described the situation on two occasions as all hell
- 13 breaking loose.
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. Now, in the tapes you mentioned on a couple of occasions
- 16 the Vietnamese Cross of Galantry. And on the tapes you
- 17 I indicated what an honor it was to receive it, correct?
- 18 A. I thought it was at that time, because it's the first
- 19 **∥** award that I've ever gotten for a -- foreign award or even
- 20 American award for anything like that.
- 21 Q. And not everyone in A-424 received a Vietnam Cross of
- 22 Galantry for the battle at Khanh Bin, correct?
- 23 A. I'm not sure on that. I don't know how many got it in
- 24 | there.
- 25 Q. Well, in your tape you said two of three -- two out of

1 three.

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- A. I know that the three got it, I know I got it and I think

  Marvin got it and I think that Woolley got it. But anybody

  else, I'm not sure of that.
  - Q. And you displayed that citation, and you had -- you display that citation, I believe, in your home, correct?
    - A. I -- that one, and also there was another one I got. And the other one I got and this one I got, I don't feel that I earned them because I wasn't that close to combat here. I was with a -- I was about 100 -- between 50 and 100 yards from the ambush site. And that's the only combat that I seen there. Up at Khanh Bin itself, when I got there, there was no combat, no firing coming in at that time.
    - Q. But you display the citation in your house, correct?
- 15 A. I've got a lot of Vietnamese stuff like that displayed.
- I've got where Major Phoi had given the team a hand-to-hand thing, I got that, it's souvenirs, what have you.
  - Q. And you indicated that you display that because it impresses people, correct?
    - A. Well, whoever sees it, I guess it may, they may think it's something. But personally, I don't think it's that much.
- Q. But you do display it, as you've indicated previously, because it impresses people, correct?
- 24 A. Okay, that's I'll buy that, yeah.
- 25 Q. Now, I want to just take you -- I'm not going to play the

- whole tape, because the jury heard it, but I want to take you
- 2 through certain portions of the tape just to reiterate things.
- 3 Okay?
- 4 🛮 A. Yeah.
- 5 Q. So if you can't hear, let me know.
- 6 A. Okay.
- 7 Q. I'm going to play the very beginning of the tape.
- 8 (Audio tape was played.)
- 9 Q. Was it too loud, too soft?
- 10 A. Just a high frequency, and I can't hear high frequencies.
- 11 Q. Tell me if you can hear this.
- 12 A. I can't hear that. I can't hear that either. I can hear
- 13 it, but I can't understand it.
- 14 | Q. Well, let me does it refresh your memory that what we
- 15 | just heard was the -- that you stated my first impression of
- 16 An Phu?
- 17 A. Um-hum.
- 18 Q. And that's how you started the tape.
- 19 A. The first -- when they were playing horseshoes?
- 20 Q. Correct.
- 21 A. Okay.
- 22 Q. And you started the tape, your very first words were, "My
- 23 | first impression of An Phu," correct?
- 24 A. I believe that s what it was, yes.
- 25 Q. So you were telling the truth about what happened when you

- 1 got there.
- 2 A. I didn't understand that.
- Q. You were telling the truth about what you -- your first
- 4 impressions of An Phu were when you got there?
- 5 A. You mean on the tape there?
- 6 0. Yes.
- 7 A. Yes, um-hum.
- Q. So the very beginning of these tapes, you start off with
- 9 the words, "My first impression," and go on to discuss a true
- 10 incident.
- 11 A. Yes, I'd say that's --
- 12 Q. Now, do you recall listening to the tapes yesterday, and
- 13 in stating -- setting forth incidents you, on numerous
- 14 occasions used the words, another incident I can remember.
- 15 You used the word remember. Do you recall that, listening to
- 16 the tapes?
- 17 A. I don't recall that, what that would refer to there.
- 18 Q. Bear with me, I'm somewhat technologically incompetent,
- 19 but I'll try to make this pointed.
- 20 (Audio tape was played.)
- 21 A. I can't understand that.
- 22 Q. Can you hear this?
- 23 A. No, I couldn't understand it. Why don't you just tell me
- 24 what I said on there and we'll go from there.
- 25 Q. Well, what you said, what I just played, you said, "At Phu

Hiep there's one incident I can remember." You used the word remember.

A. Okay. I don't know what that refers to now, but -Q. You then went on to say, "I'm not sure if it was John
Eleam or Woolley or Sirois, I'm not sure. Anyway, one night I
went to fire H and Is there, and I set the fuses, dropped one
down and the damn thing no more than cleared the muzzle and it
fired off. And whoever it was came out, there was like a
god-darn mad bull, and shouted, 'What the hell are you trying
to do, kill me?' I couldn't let on I was as scared as he was.
I made an excuse about faulty ammunition and let it go at
that. I don't know if it helped the situation any, but that's
the excuse I used."

Do you recall saying that on the tape?

A. Okay, yes, that incident with Sergeant Gore was the sergeant that was there. And that's a time that -- first time that I used a proximity fuse. Now, a proximity fuse is radioactive, you fire it, and if it hits a bird or within a sight of a bird or ground, it will explode, so -- And that's -- and I fired, I think, three rounds on that. And that was early in the evening, and when those rounds went off, just about tree top level, it just woke everything up. Just shook. And that round that he got mad at, just cleared the compound and exploded there. And it scared him as well as scaring me there.

- Q. And you used the word, I can remember. So that's a true story.
- 3 A. Yeah, um-hum.
- 4 (Audio taped was played.)
- Q. Now, you referred to Martha Raye as Colonel Maggie.
- 6 | Correct?

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- 7 A. Oh, yes.
- Q. And even though she wasn't a commissioned officer, she was known as Colonel Maggie to the troops, correct?
- 10 A. Yeah, she was quite respected by that, and most everybody
  11 called her Colonel Maggie.
  - Q. And she was a very respected woman.
  - A. Yes, she was.

    (Audio tape was played.)
    - Q. Well, there you're describing how you were out at the FOB while Colonel Maggie came, and you indicated that -- you insinuated that Colonel Marvin did this on purpose, because she liked second lieutenants.
    - A. This -- this -- I was not on the FOB when Colonel Maggie come in, because I wasn't at An Phu when Colonel Maggie come in. Where -- I was out on an operation and Colonel Maggie came into our camp, was over at Kin Quan Tu (phonetic) over by Muc Wa area here. And yes, it was kind of a rumor that Maggie liked -- Colonel Maggie liked lieutenants. Whether she did or didn't, I don't know.

- Q. But the point is that Colonel Maggie was someone you respected; you referred to her as Colonel Maggie.
  - A. Yes, I did.

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- Q. Is it louder or softer that would help you?
- 5 A. What's that?
  - Q. If I play it louder or softer?
    - A. I couldn't hear anything. It's got a frequency in there that I just cannot understand here, that -- kind of a tinny sound comes out of there.

(Audio tape was played.)

- Q. Now I'll stop it there. Were you able to hear that?
- A. I couldn't understand it, no.
  - Q. That discusses another -- it said, "Another incident I went on. As a result of an H and I fire mission with the four-deuce mortar one night, a short round hit a house in a village west of the camp, and we got word that it killed a boy up there." So is that -- That was a true story, correct?
  - was. But I can't tell -- I don't know if it was from a four-deuce or if it was from artillery. I don't know what it was, it's been so long ago. But I did go out on a med cap.

As far as going on a med cap on a short round there, it

- 22 Q. And it was a short mortar shot, correct?
- 23 A. Well, a short round, I don't know what it was there.
- Q. And if you also recall on the tape you indicated, "Another incident I remember, a small girl up at the Phu Hiep FOB, you

- always favor a child." Now, you remember that incident and you remember that child, correct?
  - A. Yes, I do.

- Q. And that's true.
- A. (Witness nodd¢d affirmatively.)
- Q. So throughout this tape, you're using the word remember and my first impressions, you're recounting memories, correct?
- A. I think so, yes.
  - MR. BACHRACH: Sorry for the short delay, I'm just trying to move this along.
  - BY MR. BACHRACH:
    - Q. Well, maybe, if you're not able to hear the tape, I can accurately cut through this. Do you recall saying on the tape, "I'm aware of that Ninth Division regiment that was going to come in and take the camp." Do you recall saying that on the tape?
    - A. I remembered that, that I -- regurgitated back that tape -- that statement that he made there, but I didn't know anything about that regiment or anything like that till 1988, after I made contact with him. So all I was doing is I didn't -- I didn't accept it or didn't deny when he made this comment to me, no.
- Q. But you said the word, I'm aware.
  - A. I'm not sure; I probably did.
- Q. Would you like me to play it? Well, you agree you

- probably did. I'm just trying to make it easier. Correct?

  You said I'm aware.
- A. I'm not sure what I said there, but it was after -- the only information I had at that time is what I got from him, and that was after we got back from Vietnam. Years.

(Audio tape was played.)

- Q. Were you able to hear that?
- A. I could hear that, but that is -- I said it, but that's a bunch of crap, because I didn't -- I wasn't even aware of it until I got the information from him.
- Q. But you did, and I don't mean to belabor the point, but the tape says, I'm aware.
- A. Well, I --
- Q. Correct?

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- 15 A. I'll say so, yes.

  16 (Audio tape was played.)
- 17 Q. Now, you just heard yourself state, I remember --
- 18 A. I didn't understand a thing. If you want to tell me, if you would.
- Q. On the tape you just indicated that, "I remember when he,
  General Quang, came down and gave them amnesty." You used the
  word I remember.
- A. When I found out -- I don't -- I said that, I believe, but

  I don't -- when -- they got their amnesty, the only time I

  heard about that is when Captain Marvin, just a passing

- comment there, they got their amnesty today. But I don't recall any general coming down there giving it to them.
- 3 **Q.** Well --
- A. I may have said it. If it's on the tape, I did, but I don't -- never happened, as far as I know.
- Q. Well, just to make it clear for the jury, I want them to hear your language that you remember.
  - A. Okay.

(Audio tape was played.)

- Q. Were you able to hear that?
- 11 A. No.

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- Q. Okay, well, I'll represent to you and to the jury that you said, "General Quang, I remember when he came down and gave them amnesty." And that's what you said on the tape?
  - A. I may have said that on the tape, but it never happened there. This tape was made strictly for Captain Marvin's book, that novel there. Was not made for anything else. And there's a lot of stuff that I'm sure I've said in there that was not accurate here, or from some other camp or what have you here.
  - Q. But do you say inaccurate things when you tell someone you're remembering something?
- 23 A. I don't know why I used that.
- Q. When you tell someone that my impression is, are you telling them something false?

- A. I can't answer that, because I don't know. If -- if I
  used that, what can I say there, it's on the tape there, so I
  can't deny it there, so --
  - Q. Now, yesterday you heard on the tape you attributed to then Captain Marvin saving your life, correct?
  - A. Say again?

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- Q. You heard on the tape yesterday where you appreciated and attributed to Captain Marvin saving your life during the Khanh Bin incident, correct?
- 10 A. Yeah, that was for his book purposes only.
  - Q. Now, with respect to your counsel, when you were asked about that incident, you testified that it could not have happened because it was a recoilless rifle that was shooting at you, and he shouted, and that it couldn't have happened, because by the time he shouted, you would have been hit by a recoilless rifle. Do you remember giving that testimony?
  - A. Yes, that incident there, he said it was a recoilless rifle coming in, but I didn't hear any recoilless rifle.
  - Q. Is that how you described the incident on the tape?
  - A. How's that now?
  - Q. You didn't describe the incident that way on the tape.
- A. No, I described it I got up there and I was talking to a forward air controller, and that he hit me on the foot or something like that, said recoilless rifle. Or recoilless.
  - Q. That's what you recall was on the tape?

- A. That's the way I recall it, yes.
- Q. Let me play what's on the tape.
- 3 (Audio tape was played.)

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- Q. Now, I just want to stop it there just before I get to the portion where you claim you saved his life. Again you used
- 6 the word you remember him coming up with the relief column.
- 7 A. I didn't understand that.
- Q. You remember him coming up with the relief column. You said that on the tape.
- 10 A. Yeah, in the morning.
- 11 Q. "We were on our way up there with the ambushed platoon.
- 12 think it was a platoon. Maybe a little better than a platoon,
- but we were there on foot. And then I remember you coming
- 14 with the relief column."
- You said that, you remembered him coming with the relief column.
- 17 A. I think I said that, but --
- 18 Q. Okay.
- 19 A. I don't understand what you're talking about there.
- 20 Q. You used the word remember.
- 21 A. I probably did, because I used that quite often.
- 22 (Audio tape was played.)
- 23 Q. Were you able to hear that?
- 24 A. I understood most of it there, but --
- Q. Okay. So you understood, you indicated, and I remember,

- again, you used the word remember. You're testifying from
  something you remember -- or stating. "I had the radio. And
  I was talking to the air support. And you came up there and
  all of a sudden you grabbed me and pulled my ass down, and
  just about that time a mortar round hit just a few feet away."
- 6 So it was a mortar round --

- A. No, no, that's what I said, I'm sure, but that's not what happened.
- Q. But that's what you remembered happened, you said you remember --
- A. I said I remember on it, but this is 20 years prior to this.
  - Q. So when you were giving the tape, you remembered that it was a mortar.
  - A. Any time I ever -- any time that I made this tape, it was strictly for his book there. And I said a lot of stuff in there, I remember this, I did this, did this, this, which did not happen here. So --
  - Q. But I just, again, and I don't want to belabor the point, but when you tell somebody you're remembering something, that's something in your memory, a truth, correct?
- A. Well, normally I'd say, but I mean, it depends, I guess, the way you use it there.
  - Q. You don't tell people I remember something and you're lying.

A. Well, I don't know about that, I can't argue the point
with you here, so --

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- Q. And at least in the tape, you indicated that he saved you from a mortar round?
  - A. I said I remembered that, yeah. I remembered the incident, but I don't -- I said that I remembered the incident, but the incident didn't happen like that. But there was an incident similar to that, which made me remember it here.
- 10 Q. There's an incident similar to that, that he saved your life?
  - A. No, it's the same incident, but he didn't save my life there. He didn't pull me down here. But I remember an incident where he told me about this recoilless rifle, and that I jumped in the mortar pit -- or the pit there that he was in.
    - Q. And you told him on the tape that you appreciated his saving your life.
    - A. I said that; that was strictly for the book.
- Q. So you thanked someone for saving your life strictly for a book?
- 22 A. That's right. In that case, yes.
- 23 Q. After telling him you remembered him saving your life.
- 24 A. Yeah. I remember the -- that -- the incident.
- Q. I'm now going to go to the second tape, and we're nearly

1 done.

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- 2 (Audio tape was played.)
- 3 Q. What's an order of battle? What is an order of battle?
  - A. An order of battle? It's a list of units and equipment, I believe.
- 6 (Audio tape was played.)
- Q. There you state, they sure came after our asses, didn't they?
  - A. Well, I probably said that, yes, sir.
- 10 Q. And that was true?
- 11 A. That I said that?
- 12 Q. Yes.
- 13 A. Yes.
  - Q. And it was true --
- 15 A. I can't deny I said it on the tapes there.
- 16 (Audio tape was played.)
- Q. So you, there, indicated, "I didn't realize that there were that many elements there. I knew there was a couple,
- 19 three battalions up to Khanh Bin. But looks like there was
- 20 four battalions, plus in all those places up there, almost
- 21 unbelievable. We was lucky we didn't take any more casualties
- 22 than we took."
- 23 A. That's what the order of battle that he'd sent me was.
- 24 But when I was over there, I didn't get to have that
- 25 information available.

- Q. You didn't have that information available, but all hell had broken loose, and you were surprised that when you saw
- 3 this information +-
- 4 A. All hell breaks loose there, when I was a second
- 5 | lieutenant, that's the first time I was in combat, and when
- 6 they start firing, that's all hell breaking loose there.
- 7 Whether it's one or 10,000.
- 8 Q. Bear with me.
  - (Audio tape was played.)
- 10 Q. Could you hear that?
- 11 A. No.

- 12 Q. What you said was the -- CIA visit in June --
- 13 A. The what?
- 14 Q. "I thought it was kind of a flimsy cover."
- 15 A. I couldn't understand the beginning, what you said.
- 16 Q. Okay. At that point in the tape you stated, "About the
- 17 CIA visit in June, I thought it was kind of a flimsy cover,
- 18 because he came in and left her with me. And you said, you
- 19 can talk to her, she's a radio reporter. But she never asked
- 20 a damn thing, she just sat there and BS'ed with us. I thought
- 21 | that was kind of drazy for a reporter. I kind of figured
- 22 something was up there, but just kind of let it go." Then you
- 23 used the word I remember, and went on the say, "If you need
- 24 somebody to back your story, damn it, I guess I could do it."
- 25 That's what you said on the tape, correct?

- 1 A. I didn't get that last that you said.
- 2 | Q. You then went on to say, "I remember this incident
- 3 happening, and if you need somebody to back your story, damn
- 4 | it, I guess I could do it."
- 5 A. Yes, that's --
- 6 Q. And so that happened?
- 7 A. That happened. Well, that -- I said that, but that
- 8 incident didn't happen over there.
- 9 Q. Oh, that didn't happen?
- 10 A. Not the incident -- I had no knowledge of that guy being a
- 11 CIA agent or what, at that -- in Vietnam here. And the
- 12 information about a CIA and everything like that, that came
- 13 from Marvin here.
- 14 **||** Q. Okay. But --
- 15 A. And I was just regurgitating more or less the information
- 16 | that he gave me.
- 17 Q. But you indicated here, I thought it was a flimsy cover.
- 18 That's what you said on the tape.
- 20 a flimsy cover. I had no knowledge.
- 21 Q. But you used the word thought.
- 22 A. Thought.
- 23 Q. And you used the word you remember these two people
- 24 coming.
- 25 A. I do remember two people, yes.

- Q. And so it's true that in -- and he didn't share the top
- 2 secret mission with you. He didn't share the mission with
- 3 you, correct?
- 4 A. No.
- Q. But you confirmed that these two people came, and one --
- 6 and the man met with Colonel Marvin.
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 Q. Now, the FOB at Khanh Bin, how close was that to the
- 9 Cambodian border?
- 10 A. Oh, that -- probably 100 yards, something like that, they
- 11 were just -- just a river, small river that went between Khanh
- 12 | Bin and Cambodia. | I don't know exactly what part of the river
- or the bank was the border here, but it was close.
- 14 Q. And how far was the Phu Hiep FOB to the Cambodian border?
- 15 A. Two to 3000 meters, I guess.
- 16 Q. And you recall discussing on your tape yesterday, firing
- 17 | back and forth between the FOB at Phu Hiep, and enemy on the
- 18 Cambodian side, correct?
- 19 A. I said that in the tape there, but this never happened.
- 20 Q. You said it in the tape?
- 21 A. I said it on the tape, yes.
- 22 | Q. And you also said on the tape how you got angry that some
- 23 helicopter operators wouldn't shoot and give you protection
- 24 | from the enemy in Cambodia.
- 25 A. I said that, but there was no fire coming at that time.

- 1 Q. So you -- what you said on the tape was untrue?
- 2 A. I'd say that was, yes.
  - Q. And why was it that you said untruths on the tape?
- A. Because I was -- anything I was given on that tape, from
  the beginning to the end, was in support of his book that he
  was writing about Bassac Bastards, which is supposed to be a
- 7 novel, and that was it.
  - Q. Do you recall reviewing any of the manuscripts?
- 9 A. Pardon?
- 10 Q. Do you recall reviewing the manuscripts?
- 11 A. The first one, he brought it down in June of '68. Fort
- 12 Bragg.

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- 13 Q. And it was a thin one, you said?
- 14 A. It was a real thin one, yes.
- 15 Q. I want to show you and direct the jury to what's marked as
- 16 Plaintiffs' Exhibit 11. There's a thin manuscript entitled
- 17 the Bassac Bastards and the People of An Phu. Is this the
- 18 thin document that you saw at the convention?
- 19 A. The printing don't look the same, but I mean I can't --
- 20 and there's no -- there's no forward on it, that the one
- 21 that -- I think that he had first was Martha Raye here, but it
- 22 was -- I believe it was a full page there; I'm not sure.
- 23 Q. So you're not sure whether or not --
  - A. I can't say. That looks familiar here, but --
- 25 Q. It looks familiar?

- 1 But that, I don't remember. Α. That.
- 2 And it has a copyright 1988. Q.
- 3 A. I don't remember.

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- Well, 1988. That's what it says here? Q.
- 5 A. 1998 is when I seen it, but --
- 6 And this says copyright 1988? Q.
- 7 Yeah, I don't recall that being on the original -- on the
- 8 first manuscript.
- 9 Do you recall reading on the second page, A True Account
- 10 of Independent Warfare?
- 11 No, I don't recall that, no.
- 12 Do you recall reviewing the manuscript that said that --Q.
- 13 Did it say a true account?
- 14 Α. Say again?

true account.

- 15 Do you recall, on the manuscript you reviewed, it said a 16
- 17 A. I can't remember that. That's been over 20 years ago.
- 18 Did you review any other manuscripts? Q.
- 19 He sent a second one back -- sent a second one that was, I
- 20 think the same name, Bassac Bastards, which is a little
- 21 thicker than that one. And that was the last one I read.
- 22 sent one, I think, Acropolis (sic) of An Phu, or something
- 23 like that, and Snuff Crown, and I don't think there's any
- 24 more. I sent those right to Jimmy -- Jim Taylor, and didn't
- 25 even look at them hardly.

- 1 Q. Did you look at them at all?
- 2 A. Pardon?
- 3 Q. Did you look at them at all?
- 4 A. The first -- the second one, I did, but not the other
- ones. I just looked at them and then threw them. That was
- 6 about it. Didn't pay much attention to them here, so --
- Q. In the second one it said on early on, a true account,
- 8 | correct?
- 9 A. Not to my knowledge here.
- 10 Q. You don't recall?
- 11 A. I don't recall that, no.
- 12 Q. Now, you provided the tapes to Colonel Marvin, correct?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 | Q. Who else, if anyone, did you provide the tapes to?
- 15 A. I don't think I sent them to anybody else there. These
- 16 | tapes here.
- 17 Q. Did you have any discussions with Mr. Dean where you
- 18 indicated to him that the book was full of lies?
- 19 A. I think I did, yes.
- 20 Q. When did you have that?
- 21 A. Oh, God. Now, which book are you talking about? This
- 22 | last book, or the -- or the manuscripts?
- 23 Q. Let's go to the Expendable Elite, the last book.
- 24 A. Okay.
- 25 | Q. Did you ever tell Jimmy Dean that it was a lie?

- 1 A. I think I probably did, yes.
- 2 Q. And did you tell -- and Jimmy Dean is with the Special
- 3 Forces, correct?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Q. And the Special Forces are paying for this lawsuit?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 Q. Expenses, correct?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. And do you know what he did with your information after 10 you told him it was a lie?
- I you cold him it was a
- 11 A. Not really, no.
- Q. Are you aware of him putting in The Drop, that the book was proven to be 100 percent lies?
- 14 A. I've read something in there, but numbers and stuff like 15 that, and specifics, I can't remember that.
- Q. How many meetings did you have with Mr. Dean where you
- 17 | indicated to him the book was full of lies?
- 18 A. How many years?
- 19 Q. How many meetings.
- 20 A. I don't think I met with him hardly any.
- 21 Q. Did you ever share your tapes with Mr. Dean?
- 22 A. Share my tapes?
- 23 Q. Yes, the tapes you made.
- A. These tapes here, I don't think I did. I sent him some
- 25 tapes about when that I got on the History Channel, and

These

- some of these assassinating -- other problems that Captain
  Marvin's in, but --
- 3 Q. I just want you to please focus on the question.
- 4 two tapes, did you give them to Mr. Dean?
- 5 A. I didn't give them to him there, because the only copy
- 6 that I made, I sent to Captain Marvin.
- 7 Q. So you told him it was full of lies, but you didn't
- 8 provide him these tapes?
- 9 A. I didn't give him those tapes, no.
- 10 Q. I'd like to direct the jury and you to Exhibit 34.
- 11 THE COURT: Defendants' 34?
- MR. BACHRACH: Defendants' 34.
- 13 THE COURT: Thank you.
- 14 BY MR. BACHRACH:
- 15 Q. Do you recognize this document?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 | Q. And what is that?
- 18 A. That's a dollar bill I gave him for good luck. I have one
- 19 In my pocket here that I gave to a Sergeant Major Bass when I
- 20 got first commissioned, the first salute, and all it is, is
- 21 good luck. Meant nothing else.
- 22 Q. And you gave that to Colonel Marvin?
- 23 A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. Directing your attention one last time to Plaintiffs'
- 25 Exhibit 11, page one, at the very bottom. Do you recall

- reading the last sentence that says, "About the good and the bad and the gruesome of that far-off involvement, it is a book of many revelations, but above all, it is a book of truth."
  - Do you recall reading that?
  - A. I do not remember that, no.
  - Q. You don't remember one way or the other?
- 7 A. I don't remember that, no.
  - MR. BACHRACH: I have no further questions, Your Honor.

#### REDIRECT EXAMINATION

11 BY MR. BEN DEAVER

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- 12 Q. Morning, Mr. \$trait.
- 13 A. How are you doing.
- Q. I just want to touch base very briefly on some of the things you mentioned earlier.
- 16 A. I didn't hear you.
- Q. I'm just going to touch briefly on some of the things you just mentioned earlier --
- 19 **A.** Okay.
- Q. -- with Mr. Bachrach. Basically earlier you said that you were regurgitating on these tapes what was provided to you.
- 22 A. Yes.
- Q. All right. Who provided you the information that you regurgitated?
- 25 A. Captain Marvin.

- Q. And that was stuff that was given to you prior to you making the tapes?
- 3 A. Yes.

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- Q. All right. Do you know what type of stuff that was sent to you?
- A. Well, it was telephone calls, he sent several tapes, I believe, and newspaper clippings, stuff like that.
  - Q. So I guess that goes back to what you said yesterday, as far as the tapes are -- the stories you provided on the tapes made for a good read, a good story?
    - A. Good story, that's all. Most of -- a lot of stuff in the tapes was a combination of -- I was in four different camps over there, two different years, and everything kind of runs together. So you have an incident here and you just kind of -- relate to one another here. And he was writing a book, and I thought he had a good novel coming here.
- Q. He told you -- Did he tell you that he was writing a novel?
- 19 A. Pardon?
- 20 Q. Did he tell you that he was writing a novel?
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 Q. Okay. Did he tell you what the name of the novel was?
- 23 A. Bassac Bastards.
- 24 Q. All right.
- 25 MR. BEN DEAVER: Your Honor, may I approach the

- 1 witness, please?
- 2 THE COURT: Sure.
- 3 BY MR. BEN DEAVER
- 4 Q. This is something I believe Mr. Bachrach showed you a
- 5 | little while ago. Is this what he showed you?
- 6 A. Yeah.
- Q. All right. Now, is this right here the novel, the Bassac
- 8 Bastards, or is this --
- 9 THE COURT: Mr. Deaver, how about giving me an
- 10 exhibit number.
- MR. BEN DEAVER: No. 11 Plaintiffs'.
- 12 BY MR. BEN DEAVER:
- 13 Q. Could you read what the title of this is?
- 14 A. What now?
- 15 Q. Would you please read what the title is?
- 16 A. It says Bassac Bastards and The People of An Phu.
- 17 Q. So it's not just the Bassac Bastards novel that he said,
- 18 | it's the Bassac Bastards and The People of An Phu.
- I believe he also asked you to turn to the third page in
- 20 | there, correct?
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 Q. And he mentioned in there that it's a true account,
- 23 correct? At the top?
- 24 A. That's what it says in there, but I don't recall on the
- 25 first manuscript.

- Q. Would you mind reading a little bit more into it, like starting right down here, in 1978?
- A. Okay. "In 1978 I began putting together a military diary,
  a chronological record of events structured as a teaching
  vehicle and hardly -- and hardly exciting reading, but
  important in my mind. I queried Department of Army to
  determine their interest in my book as I referred to some of
  the Special Forces (sic) soldiers and was told to clear my
  manuscript with the Central Intelligence Agency and the

Special Operations Office of the U.S. Army."

11 Q. Keep reading, please, sir.

- A. "In my judgment, that would have resulted in a watered-down version, a distortion of the facts with --" I have trouble reading "-- that would have resulted -- or have --"

  Lost track here now.
- Q. I understand it's kind of single spaced and it's hard to read.
- 18 A. Yeah. That would --
  - Q. "In my judgment, that would have resulted in a watered-down --"
    - A. "-- watered-down version, a distortion of the facts with few revelations of high-level subterfuge, the majority of the real truth of covert operations regulated (sic) to the editing room floor. No longer a --" I can't pronounce that word.

      Despite.

- 1 Q. Yes, sir.
- 2 A. "-- despite (sic) the unconventional warfare aspect of
- 3 that far-off conflict. Thus, in 1981, called the Bassac
- 4 | Bastards, a three-year -- 1981 I began rewriting it as a
- 5 | fictitious (sic) based on the facts, a novel."
- 6 Q. A novel.
- 7 A. Called the Bassac Bastards.
- 8 Q. So that's what he told you he was writing was a novel --
- 9 **A.** Yes.
- 10 Q. -- when you provided the tapes?
- 11 A. Yes.
- 12 Q. And right there he says that it was a novel?
- 13 **A.** Yes.
- 14 Q. All right. But it was actually the novel the Bassac
- 15 Bastards.
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 Q. And the title that you just showed this was Bassac
- 18 Bastards and The People of An Phu?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 Q. All right. Well, let's read on a little bit after he said
- 21 that the Bassac Bastards, "I began rewriting it as fiction
- 22 based on fact. A novel."
- 23 **|** A. Um-hum.
- 24 | Q. And you can keep reading.
- 25 A. "And called the Bassac Bastards. Three years of

- 1 rejections helped me to realize that presenting the truth as a
- 2 novel betrayed the trust --" I'm having a hell of a time
- 3 reading that. "- the trust of the people we had abandoned in
- 4 South Vietnam."
- Q. That's fine right there. So in that, he actually said it
- 6 was a novel, didn't he?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 Q. And that's what you relied on when you made these tapes?
- 9 **||** A. That's what I relied on when I was making the tapes there.
- 10 Q. And as you said earlier, you also relied on information
- 11 that he provided you.
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. I believe also a little while ago you said something that
- 14 one of the incidents that you provided to him in the tape
- about happening in An Phu, actually didn't happen in An Phu,
- 16 it happened in another camp that you were assigned to later?
- 17 A. There was several incidents. One was where I -- I take my
- 18 hat off in pagoda, that was in -- there was Cambodians down in
- 19 Tre Thuan, that incident happened.
- 20 Q. Was Tre Thuan in An Phu?
- 21 A. No, Tre Thuan was the next camp, two camps south, that was
- 22 two years later.
- 23 Q. And that's when you were a more experienced soldier --
- 24 A. I was more experienced at that time, yes.
- 25 Q. So all hell breaking loose, as a second lieutenant, your

- first gun fight, anything, any fire was that what you said was
  all hell breaking loose?
  - A. Yeah.

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- MR. BACHRACH: Objection, Your Honor.
- 5 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 6 BY MR. BEN DEAVER
  - Q. Mr. Bachrach asked you a little while ago if you provided tapes to Jimmy Dean.
- 9 **A.** Yes.
- Q. And I believe your answer was, you didn't provide these tapes, but you provided tapes of lies that Mr. Marvin had on -- told on the History Channel?
- 13 A. Yes.
  - Q. Can you tell us what those tapes are?
- 15 A. I think one of them that I remember was the assassination
  16 of --
  - MR. BACHRACH: Objection, Your Honor.
- 18 A. -- President Kennedy.
  - MR. BACHRACH: Your Honor, they opened the door, they asked the question, he answered that he provided these tapes, we're just allowing him the opportunity to explain.
  - THE COURT: I don't know what relevance that has to this lawsuit.
- MR. BEN DEAVER: It goes to the credibility of Mr. Marvin.

THE COURT: The fact that he gave some tapes to Jimmy Dean, has to do with credibility of Mr. Marvin?

MR. BEN DEAVER: Yes, sir, Your Honor, it does.

THE COURT: I'll sustain the objection.

(Brief interruption in proceedings.)

## BY MR. BEN DEAVER

- Q. Mr. Bachrach asked you earlier about an incident where a helicopter arrived and there was some people that were portrayed to be reporters.
- 10 A. Yes.

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- 11 Q. Is it uncommon for a reporter to visit a Special Forces A
  12 Team?
  - A. No, there was people coming in quite frequently.
  - Q. Do you know if a reporter ever did visit the An Phu A-424?
- 15 A. I can't recall any specifics that reporters was there,
- 16 that -- I couldn't name if it happened. Other camps, I can,
- but on there I -- that was so far along ago, I can't remember
- any specific incidents, other than this one here.
- Q. Do you ever remember reading an article that took place that was written on An Phu?
- 21 A. When was that now?
- Q. Well, I'm asking you if you've ever read an article that
  was based on --
  - A. I read some that Captain Marvin had given me.
- 25 Q. Can you tell us what those articles were?

- 1 A. Pardon?
- 2 Q. Can you tell us what those articles were?
- 3 A. I can't -- I couldn't tell you.
- 4 Q. All right. You also mentioned that when you got there,
- 5 Sergeant Johnson gave you a tour of the camp and showed you
- 6 I that some of the areas were wired.
- 7 A. I didn't understand that.
- 8 Q. That some of the areas with inside the camp were wired.
- 9 A. The ammunition bunker was.
- 10 Q. Is that common practice?
- 11 A. Yes.
- 12 Q. Every camp --
- 13 A. Every camp has it. Destroy it in case they get overrun by
- 14 the enemy, they can destroy it and they can't use the
- 15 ammunition against you.
- 16 Q. Can you tell us how this book's affected your life?
- MR. BACHRACH: Objection, Your Honor, beyond the
- 18 scope of cross.
- 19 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 20 MR. BEN DEAVER: That's all we have, Your Honor.
- 21 THE COURT: Thank you.
- 22 RECROSS-EXAMINATION
- 23 BY MR. BACHRACH:

- Q. I just have a few a couple questions.
- 25 You were shown a Plaintiffs' Exhibit 11, correct?

- 1 A. Yes.
- Q. And when I showed it to you, you weren't -- didn't recall whether or not you had read this.
- A. Yeah, I still don't recall reading it other than -- just now.
  - Q. And if I could publish to the jury, I think -- I don't want to take their time, because they can all read, but I'd like them to read the entire page. Because by 1988, which is the copyright of this, correct?
- 10 A. Yeah.

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- 11 Q. So that's --
- 12 A. On the original -- on the original manifest, I don't think
  13 it was copy written there.
  - Q. Well, by the time of this manuscript in 1988, Colonel Marvin had written the history of his book. And if the jury reads the history of the book, it will indicate how at one point he intended it to be fiction, but at least by 1988, he had decided that it would be a nonfiction.
- 19 A. Not -- not 1988. 1988 is when I first seen the manuscript
  20 here.
- Q. And it's your testimony -- but you don't recall whether
  the manuscript that you saw, said it was a true account.
- A. It said a novel. If I can remember right, it said that it was a novel about An Phu.
  - Q. And you saw this manuscript when?

- 1 A. In June of 1988.
- 2 Q. You saw something in June of 1988, and you distinctly
- 3 recall, your testimony, that the one you saw, said it was a
- 4 novel?
- 5 A. I assumed that there. I can't testify 100 percent, no, I
- 6 can't say that.
- 7 Q. You assumed, but you don't know?
- 8 A. I've always assumed all that time that I read it there,
- 9 and I'm pretty sure I did here.
- 10 Q. And then you get a subsequent draft in 1989, correct?
- 11 A. Did I what?
- 12 Q. Got a subsequent draft in 1989.
- 13 A. That would be the second copy?
- 14 Q. Yes.
- 15 A. Yeah, that -- I believe was about that time.
- 16 Q. And you don't recall whether that said on it that it was a
- 17 | true account?
- 18 A. I could not say 100 percent, because that's -- 20 years
- 19 ago? 10 years ago? Long time ago here.
- 20 Q. So you just don't recall?
- 21 A. I don't recall now.
- 22 | Q. And as I directed to the jury, what Mr. Deaver had you
- 23 read was a history of the book, leading it from at one point
- 24 | in 1978, being a fliction, up until he decided to make it a
- 25 nonfiction, correct?

- 1 A. I assumed that.
- 2 Q. Okay.
- MR. BACHRACH: No further questions, Your Honor.
- THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Strait. Who's your next

5 witness?

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6 MR. COLLINS: George Kuchen, Your Honor.

THE CLERK: State your name for the record.

A. My name is George Kuchen.

GEORGE KUCHEN, a witness called by the plaintiffs, first having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

## DIRECT EXAMINATION

- 12 BY MR. COLLINS:
- 13 Q. How are you, George?
- 14 A. Excuse me?
- 15 Q. I said how are you?
- 16 A. I'm fine.
- 17 Q. All right. Where are you from?
- 18 A. I'm living in Fayetteville, North Carolina now; originally
- 19 from Jersey.
- 20 Q. I got you. What exits? How long have you been living in
- 21 North Carolina?
- 22 A. I came to North Carolina in the 60s, and didn't come back
- 23 | till about 1993. |In and out.
- Q. How about tell the jury about some of your life story,
- 25 your education and your Army background.

- 1 A. Well, graduated high school in '55 up in Jersey, went in
- 2 | the Air Force for four years, took a break in '59 for about
- 3 six months, then went in the Army. Went Special Forces in
- 4 | 1963 as a medic.
- 5 Q. What kind of training do they put the medics through?
- 6 A. Very extensive training; about a year.
  - Q. What kind of stuff do they teach you?
- 8 A. Everything. You're a doctor. Almost.
- 9 Q. Almost.

- 10 A. You don't get a license, but you do a lot of stuff.
- 11 Q. After you got your training, where did the Army send you?
- 12 A. My Special Forces training?
- 13 | Q. Yes, sir.
- 14 A. I went for about a year in the Sixth Special Forces Group
- 15 on Fort Bragg, North Carolina.
- 16 Q. Did they eventually send you overseas?
- 17 A. Oh, yeah. Common practice at the time. About a year
- 18 later I went to Vietnam.
- 19 Q. Okay. Did you --
- 20 A. November '65.
- 21 Q. Did you eventually end up at a place called An Phu?
- 22 A. An Phu was my first camp, I got there very very late,
- November 1965, maybe the first of December.
- 24 | Q. What kind of setting was An Phu?
- 25 A. It was my first camp. It was okay. Just a typical

- 1 | Special Forces A camp in Vietnam, in that part of the country.
- 2 Q. Did you see a lot of action while you were over there?
  - A. I didn't see any action while I was over there.
- 4 Q. Were you there when Colonel Marvin arrived?
- 5 A. Yes, I was.

- 6 Q. All right. Describe for me how the camp was operated.
- 7 Was it efficient before he got there?
- 8 A. Well, I think it was. I never saw any fallacy in it or
- 9 something like that. Again, you have to remember, it was my
- 10 first A camp when I went to Vietnam. But we functioned. And
- 11 as a medic, I don't want to say -- I may use the wrong word --
- 12 | you're not so much that you're on a pedestal or something like
- 13 that, but you have your own drill, you're doing medical
- patrols, you're doing sick calls, you're very busy on a
- 15 day-to-day basis, and so that's your main concern.
- 16 Q. What did you do on a day-to-day basis at An Phu?
- 17 A. Conducted sick call in our little dispensary, went out on
- what we call med caps, medical patrols, almost -- probably
- 19 five times a week, either both medics -- a Special Forces A
- 20 Team has two medics. At that time I was with what was
- 21 considered the junior medic. And you just go out and you go
- 22 to hamlets, villages, and you conduct in-the-field sick call
- 23 for the people.
- 24 Q. Okay.
- 25 A. You take care of the people.

- 1 Q. How long were you there?
- 2 A. I was there until early March of 1966.
- 3 Q. Okay. Did you get the opportunity to treat a lot of
- 4 Americans that were wounded in combat at An Phu?
- 5 A. I never treated an American that was wounded at An Phu.
- 6 Q. All right. Now, I'll ask you about the atmosphere in the
- 7 | camp prior to Colonel Marvin's arrival. Did that
- 8 significantly change when he arrived?
- 9 A. No. It was no change.
- 10 Q. So it was pretty much business as usual?
- 11 A. What we did before he got there was what we did after he
- 12 got there.
- 13 Q. You're familiar with the book Expendable Elite, aren't
- 14 you?
- 15 A. I've read the book.
- 16 Q. I guess mercifully for you and I and the jury and the rest
- of the court staff, you aren't mentioned very often in this
- 18 book.
- 19 A. Just short of the first half I'm mentioned a few times,
- 20 yes.
- 21 Q. Okay. I want to call your attention to page 40 of the
- 22 work. Are you there?
- 23 A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. I quess in the interest of saving a little bit of time I'm
- 25 going to try to paraphrase a little bit of it and see if you

1 agree with me.

As I understand it, this page recounts a meeting that was held with the staff at the camp, regarding possibility of firing into VC havens in the Nation of Cambodia. Is that correct?

- A. Along those lines, yes.
- Q. Okay. And I believe about two-thirds of the way down the page it says, "Cheers of airborne and all the way, Dai-uy, erupted around the table. 'What does that mean, Dai-uy,' Sergeant Kuchen asked, 'do we invade Cambodia?'"

Now, I assume that Sergeant Kuchen that is mentioned there is you?

- A. I think so.
- Q. How about tell the jury your recollection of this meeting?
- A. There is no recollection. That meeting didn't occur.
  - Q. All right. Did you ever have any discussions with Colonel Marvin or anyone else at An Phu about firing into Cambodia?
  - A. No, I did not.
  - Q. Are you aware that the language in this book says that you and your fellow soldiers fired into Cambodia?

MR. BACHRACH: Objection, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Basis?

MR. BACHRACH: Leading.

THE COURT: Overruled.

BY MR. COLLINS:

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- Q. You can answer the question.
- 2 A. I didn't fire into Cambodia.
- 3 Q. But the book says you did.
- 4 A. I'm not aware of any firing going on into Cambodia.
- Q. Does the book say you and your fellow soldiers fired into the Nation of Cambodia?
  - A. It does say things like that, yes.
- 8 Q. All right. I believe you stated you did not fire into
- 9 | Cambodia?

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- 10 A. No, I didn't.
- 11 | Q. Are you aware of any of your fellow soldiers firing --
- 12 A. No, I'm not.
- Q. Were there strict orders or regulations to prevent you
- 14 from firing into Cambodia?
- 15 A. I actually don't remember. Okay? And why I'm saying that
- 16 is you have to understand or they have to understand that most
- of us went back over for other tours and stuff like that. A
- 18 little later on, and I'm not trying to make a story out of
- 19 this, I kind of go -- I'm a slow talker. Anyway, as -- they
- 20 more emphasized staying away from Cambodia, okay, that it was
- 21 a sovereign nation and all that. I don't actually remember
- 22 being briefed when I went to my first camp and said hey, don't
- 23 shoot into Cambodia. You just never thought about it. You
- 24 did your job.
- 25 Q. Right.

- 1 A. And that subject just never came up to do that.
- Q. Okay. Did you subsequently learn that it would have been improper for you to fire into Cambodia?
- 4 A. Yes, that's what I'm trying to express is that, you know,
- 5 I'm going to mix up what I knew in 1965 versus what I knew in
- 6 6 '67 when I went back over and stuff like that? No. I don't
- 7 know. But we know that, in retrospect, that later on there
- 8 was a little more emphasis on that kind of stuff, and then
- 9 later on they actually invaded Cambodia.
- 10 Q. Correct.
- 11 A. So what are you going to say.
- 12 Q. Okay.
- 13 A. But at that time, the thought never entered my mind, I
- 14 didn't even think about it. But I was never told that we were
- 15 going to do that.
- 16 Q. Right. But it certainly entered your mind since that
- 17 | time.
- 18 A. I thought about it, yes. Especially since reading this
- 19 book.
- 20 Q. All right. The fact that you're being accused of
- 21 | violating the sovereignty of another nation, does that bother
- 22 you?
- 23 A. Sure it does.
- 24 Q. In what way?
- 25 A. Okay. I won't drag this out. This whole situation

bothers me, and maybe a little less than the others, because I left before a lot of this stuff, okay? In the book. Is that it's a -- I'm very proud of having been Special Forces, okay? It took me eight years to find my life, four years in the Air Force and four years in the Army before '63 I decided to go to Special Forces.

And I happened to have a deep feeling about Special Forces. And what bothers me about this whole situation is it is embarrassing and it's nauseating that a person that even has a Special Forces background would even write stuff like that in this book. And that's what really bothers me. It's just derogatory, embarrassing, it's a pride thing, esprit de corps, a military term meaning proud of your unit and all that, and that's what bothers me.

- Q. George, do you feel like what Colonel Marvin has done here has sullied your reputation that you've done so much to build up over the years?
- A. I think so. I can give you a couple examples.
- Q. I wish you would.

A. Okay. When the book came out, I went and got a copy of it and I read it. It turned me off. I didn't get all excited about it, but it turned me off. And I gave it to my daughter; she read it. And then she started to try to put me on a pedestal. Then she showed one of her children, one of the older children. By the way, I have three kids and 12

grandchildren. Anyway, the book. And they're starting to come to me and telling me how great this is and all that. And wait a minute, sit down, let me tell you about this. And that did embarrass me to a certain extent and I started to get a little ticked off about this whole situation.

And in another situation that bothered me was a few times a month some of the old SF retiree guys in Fort Bragg area get together for breakfast and stuff like that. And one retired NCO came up to me and said, George, I read this book, you're in it. Here, let me get your signature on it and all that stuff. And it -- I got so mad, I said, don't even give me this book, I'm not going to sign my name in it, because it's a bunch of crap. I'm sorry, but that's what I said. Okay?

And then I started to get riled up about the whole situation. And a couple other guys mentioned the thing about oh, we didn't know you were involved in it, we didn't know you were with Jim Taylor or we didn't know you were with Sirois.

Me and Sirois have known each other for years and stuff like that.

And I guess what I'm saying here is, I did get agitated over it and I am agitated and you can see, I'm kind of a relatively calm guy, but I'm starting to get ticked off right up here now. Because it's crap; that's why.

Q. Well, George, at the end of this trial the jury is going to be asked to put a monetary value on the diminishment of

your reputation and the amount of your embarrassment at the printing of this book. What has all this been worth to you? Is there a way that you can put a dollar value on it?

A. No, I can't put a dollar value on it, okay? I don't care about money. I just think the book should go in the trash can, and the guy should give us an apology.

MR. COLLINS: That's all I have.

THE COURT: Okay. We'll take a morning break at this time, go to your jury room and start again about 15 minutes.

(Jury excused.)

THE COURT: We'll start again at 11:15.

(A recess was held at this time.)

THE COURT: You can throw those verdict forms away; we're going Plan C. So we'll get you some more after the break, all right? Anything before I bring the jury in?

MR. COLLINS: Not from the plaintiff.

MR. BACHRACH: Your Honor, there's -- we've introduced, and it's an objected to exhibit, the book of General Westmoreland, which is a historical document, under the hearsay rules. And I just wanted to be able to quote to him from something General Westmoreland said that goes -- that he opened the door to.

THE COURT: Well, just --

(Jury present.)

THE COURT: Read it to him and then I'll listen to

## GEORGE KUCHEN - CROSS-EXAMINATION

- 1 I the objection and then I'll rule on it.
- 2 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 3 BY MR. BACHRACH:
- 4 Q. Good morning, Mr. Kuchen.
- 5 A. Good morning.
- Q. Now, does the book anywhere indicate that you personally
- 7 | fired into Cambodia?
- 8 A. No, it doesn't.
- 9 Q. So the book never accuses you of firing into Cambodia.
- 10 A. I don't think it does.
- 11 Q. And you had left An Phu by March 12th of 1966, correct?
- 12 A. Early March, yes.
- 13 Q. And I believe it's your -- on direct testimony you
- 14 indicated that what agitates you about the book is that people
- 15 have come up to you and said, you're in this book, you're a
- 16 hero.
- 17 A. Something like that.
- 18 Q. And, in fact, your daughter thought you were a hero
- 19 because you were in the book.
- 20 A. Something like that, yeah.
- 21 | Q. Now, you're familiar -- You know who General Westmoreland
- 22 is?
- 23 A. Sure do.
- 24 | Q. And he was the commander of all the American forces at
- 25 | that time, correct?

# GEORGE KUCHEN - CROSS-EXAMINATION

- 1 A. Yes.
- 2 Q. And are you familiar with the book, A Soldier's Report?
- 3 A. No
- 4 Q. He wrote the book, A Soldier's Report, over 20 years ago.
- 5 And on your direct testimony you indicated that it was your
- 6 understanding that you were supposed to stay away from the
- 7 Cambodian border, correct?
- 8 A. What I indicated was that somewhere in the 60s, okay, they
- 9 did come out with some kind of guidance about staying away
- 10 from Cambodia, and then a little later in the 60s, they opened
- 11 Cambodia up, the First Cav and some other people actually went
- 12 in there, okay? Alls I said was that I don't remember in
- 13 | 1965, whether we were directed not to go in there; we just
- 14 I never thought about it. As a medic on an A Team in that area
- 15 of Vietnam, that didn't concern me. What concerned me was
- 16 doing my job.
- 17 | Q. What about in 1966?
- 18 A. '65, '66 is the same.
- 19 Q. I just want to refer you to what General Westmoreland says
- 20 in his book at page 222.
- 21 MR. COLLINS: Your Honor, I'll object to that on the
- 22 | hearsay.
- THE COURT: I'll sustain that unless you have an
- 24 exception.
- MR. BACHRACH: It's a historical document, Your

#### GEORGE KUCHEN - CROSS-EXAMINATION

Honor, under the hearsay rule, the book is older than 20 years old, it's his personal memoirs.

THE COURT: Can you show me under Rule 803 exception to the hearsay rule which subsection you're talking about?

MR. BACHRACH: If I can have my --

THE COURT: Subsection (16)?

MR. BACHRACH: Yes.

MR. COLLINS: Your Honor, I think we need a little more of a foundation on, I guess the subject matter of this book. And I'm not sure that there's a bright line test as to what qualifies under 803 under that exception as far as how old it's got to be, who the author has to be.

THE COURT: It says 20 years. I've never had this raised before. Section (16), statements and ancient documents, and whoever drafted these saying that something over 20 years is ancient, I really get mad about that, but statements in a document in existence 20 years or more, the authenticity of which is established. When was it published?

MR. BACHRACH: It's ancient, because it's falling apart. Sir, I'm looking for the copyright here. It was copyright 1978. 1976, I'm sorry, Your Honor, I misread.

THE COURT: Okay, well, read the statement, then I'll entertain a relevance objection.

BY MR. BACHRACH:

Q. I just wanted to read you from what General Westmoreland

## GEORGE KUCHEN - CROSS-EXAMINATION

- said. He wrote, on page 222 of his book, "I received

  authority in 1966 to conduct air and artillery strikes, if

  fired on from across the border, but only if essential to

  preserve the integrity of American or South Vietnamese forces,

  as I had pursued the enemy across the border into Cambodia."
- 6 A. Okay.

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- 7 Q. And so were you aware of that?
- 8 A. How would I be aware of that?
- 9 Q. You were a medic.
- A. I was a medic, but how would anybody on an A Team be aware of something what a general says? And you didn't even say when in '66.
  - Q. Well, you indicated though there was no order to stay away from Cambodia, not fire on Cambodia.
    - A. I indicated that somewhere in the mid 60s I remember hearing direction from somebody, maybe through our C Team or somebody like that, that you stayed away from Cambodia, yes.
    - Q. And I'm just reading from what General Westmoreland said, who is a very well respected general, that in 1966 he received authority to fire into Cambodia.
  - A. Fine.
- Q. Now, did you talk to Jimmy Dean about the book, Expendable Elite?
  - A. Yes.
    - Q. And what did you tell him about the book?

## GEORGE KUCHEN - CROSS-EXAMINATION

- 1 A. There's a lot of BS in it.
- Q. Did you tell him it was lies?
- 3 **A.** Yes.
- 4 | Q. And did you tell him -- were you -- did you have any
- 5 involvement with him in connection with the publication of The
- 6 | Drop?
- 7 A. No.
- Q. But you have seen in The Drop, as we've indicated, that it
- 9 was published in The Drop that the book was proven to be
- 10 | 100 percent lies, correct?
- 11 A. I don't even remember reading that. I get The Drop. I'm
- 12 very active in the association. I happen to be secretary of
- 13 the chapter in Fort Bragg, in Fayetteville. I just don't
- 14 remember that article word for word.
- 15 O. You don't remember it word for word.
- 16 A. No.
- 17 0. Do you recall The Drop publishing information that the
- 18 book was false?
- 19 A. No.
- 20 | Q. I just want to see if you recall receiving this
- 21 Defendants' Exhibit 20. Do you ever recall reviewing this in
- 22 | The Drop?
- 23 A. What are we looking for? No, I don't even recall seeing
- 24 that. It's only about two lines.
- 25 Q. But you don't recall, "Jimmy also briefed Chapter 1-18 on

## GEORGE KUCHEN - CROSS-EXAMINATION

- 1 LTC(R) Dan Marvin and his book Expendable Elite, which has 2 been proven to be 100 percent lies."?
- A. I vaguely remember once or twice a representative from the national, that's Jimmy Dean or the current representatives, saying something about the book at one of our meetings. I don't -- I don't remember the term 100 percent lies. I have
- Q. But you had told people from the Special Forces that it was full of crap, I think you said?
- 10 A. Yeah, that's a good term.

never remembered that term.

- 11 Q. Did you say it was full of lies?
- 12 A. I don't use that term.
  - Q. So you said it was full of crap?
- 14 A. Yeah, or BS.

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- MR. BACHRACH: I have no further questions, Your Honor.
- MR. COLLINS: Very brief follow-up.

#### 18 REDIRECT EXAMINATION

- 19 BY MR. COLLINS:
  - Q. George, you worked in a team at An Phu, didn't you?
- 21 A. I was on the team.
- 22 Q. And Special Forces soldiers very much adhere to the team
- concept of things, don't they?
- 24 A. Well, the whole military does.
- 25 Q. Okay.

## GEORGE KUCHEN - REDIRECT EXAMINATION

- 1 Α. But it's a little stronger in Special Forces; Okay. 2 you're a team, you work together.
  - So when Mr. Bachrach asked you if you personally fired into Cambodia, you didn't do that, did you?
  - A. No.

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- And nor did your team, did it?
- 7 A. Not that I'm aware of.
  - The quote that he attributed to General 0. Okay. Westmoreland, George, was, "I received authority in 1966 to conduct air and attillery strikes, if fired upon -- if fired on from across the border, but only if essential to preserve the integrity of American or South Vietnamese forces, was I to pursue the enemy across the border into Cambodia."

Was your team at An Phu ever fired on from Cambodia?

- Not that I'm aware of. Α.
- Q. Okay.

MR. COLLINS: That's all I have, thank you.

MR. BACHRACH: No further questions, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Kuchen. Next?

MR. COLLINS: Your Honor, we want to publish the deposition of Colonel William Tuttle next.

> THE COURT: Sure.

MR. COLLINS: I believe we can get it in before lunch.

> THE COURT: Like I said in the opening charge,

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Colonel Tuttle can't be here because of health reasons, so the lawyers went and took his deposition, which is a procedure where you sit down and you have a court reporter. I think I described a deposition earlier in trial. So they took his deposition, and it can be read as evidence in this case and you can consider it as evidence in this case, and you judge it as to its credibility the best you can. Okay? So we're going to have responsive reading. We'll show you at least two of these lawyers know how to read. All right?

(Deposition of Colonel Tuttle was read at this time.)

MR. BACHRACH: And so the deposition was done, and, Your Honor, I'd just like to just publish Defendants'

Exhibit -- I tabbed it here -- 26 for the jury.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. BACHRACH: Defendants' Exhibit 26 is a statement by Colonel Tuttle, "How the truths have affected me. Since the book has been published recently I feel no immediate follow up. As time marches on however as more people read the book I can expect many readers will have questions as to my military professional integrity. Particularly when Marvin stated I ordered him to assassinate Prince Sihanouk of Cambodia, a neutral country."

THE COURT: Go to lunch right now. We'll start again at 2:00 o'clock. See you all at 2:00.

(Jury excused.)

THE COURT: We'll see y'all at 2:00 o'clock. Who 1 2 else do you have this afternoon? 3 MR. COLLINS: We have Mr. Johnson, Mr. Sirois and Major General Overholt. I cut Johnson's testimony down 4 tremendously last night. And we're not going to go through 5 all the book with him, just the two or three things that we 6 7 think constitute defamation. He does have tapes. (Discussion held off the record.) 8 (A recess was held at this time.) 9 THE COURT: More handouts. This is latest iteration 10 of the jury charges and the changes have been made -- we've --11 highlighted where the change has been made, okay? 12 Thank you. 13 MR. OGIBA: 14 THE COURT: One per side. 15 (Jury present.) Thank you. Ready to call your next 16 THE COURT: witness? 17 MR. DEAVER: Yes, Your Honor, the plaintiff would 18 19 call Hugh Overholt. 20 THE CLERK: State your name for the record. 21 A. Hugh R. Overholt. 22 HUGH OVERHOLT, a witness called by the plaintiffs, first 23 having been duly sworn, testified as follows: 24 DIRECT EXAMINATION 25 BY MR. DEAVER:

- 1 | Q. Would you tell the Court and the jury your name, please?
- 2 A. Hugh Overholt.
- 3 Q. Where do you reside now, Mr. Overholt?
- 4 A. In New Bern, North Carolina.
- 5 Q. What do you do there?
- 6 A. I'm with a law firm, a practicing attorney.
- 7 O. Prior to going with that Smith and Ward law firm in
- 8 New Bern, did you practice law with the military?
- 9 A. Yes, sir.
- 10 | Q. When did you what branch of the service was it?
- 11 A. I was in the Army.
- 12 Q. When did you go into the Army?
- 13 A. In 1957.
- 14 Q. And what was your rank at that time?
- 15 A. First lieutenant.
- 16 Q. Was this after you completed law school?
- 17 A. Yes, sir.
- 18 Q. What branch of the Army did you go into?
- 19 A. The Judge Advocate Generals Corps.
- 20 Q. And did you retire from the Army?
- 21 **A.** I did.
- 22 Q. When did you retire?
- 23 A. 1989.
- 24 Q. What was your rank at the time of retirement?
- 25 A. Major General.

- And are you a Major General in the reserve right on? 0.
- 2 A. I'm just a retired major.

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- Just a retired Major General. 3 Q.
- A. I don't think you can call me back. 4
- Would you give us some background of what your education 5 Q. was, where you went to school? 6
  - I went to law school at the University of Arkansas, got a direct commission into the JAG Corps from there. I went to the Judge Advocate Generals Corps basic class; later I went to the Judge Advocate Generals Corps advanced class, which is a one-year tour in Charlottesville, Virginia. Actually nine months. And I went to the Army's Command and General Staff College, and then to the industrial college of the armed forces later on, and have a degree from National Defense
- University.
- 16 And what is that degree? Q.
  - It's in military -- it's --A.
- It's a military degree? 18 Q.
  - A. Military, yes.
- What experiences have you had with application or the 20 Q. 21 practice of military law?
  - Well, when I originally came in the Army I was a trial counsel, defense dounsel, claims officer. I spent my years, early years trying courts-martial, either in the United States at Camp Chaffee, Arkansas, Fort Rucker, Alabama or with the

- 1 Seventh Army Support Command in Europe.
- 2 Q. Now, with the offices of trial counsel and/or defense
- 3 counsel, what portions of the military law did you primarily
- 4 deal with?
- 5 A. Criminal law.
- 6 Q. And how is the criminal law in the military handled?
- 7 A. Well, we operate under the Uniform Code of Military
- 8 Justice, which is the Punitive Articles and the proceedings of
- 9 courts-martial and these cases are tried before
- 10 courts-martial, are governed by the Manual for Courts-Martial,
- 11 which are the rules for governance of the trials. So most of
- 12 the military procedure is set forth in the Manual for
- 13 Courts-Martial, as well as the Punitive Articles. There's the
- 14 | same type of appellate process that you would see in Federal
- 15 Court, except it goes through a military court chain to a
- 16 civilian court, the Court of Appeals of the Armed Forces. But
- 17 I there is not a lot of difference between criminal law as you
- 18 might know it in the state or federal courts, and in the
- 19 military. There are some differences.
- 20 Q. The prosecution of the case is by the trial counsel?
- 21 A. That is correct.
- 22 | Q. And you served as trial -- you served --
- 23 A. Trial and defense counsel.
- 24 Q. And the defendants are represented by the defense counsel?
- 25 A. By military defense counsel, or they can obtain a civilian

1 counsel, if they want to, at their own expense.

- Q. How long were you in the -- in this realm of the military practice?
  - A. Well, five years trying cases, six years trying cases, pretty much on a full-time basis. And then I went to graduate school, as I said, at Charlottesville. After that, I came back to the Judge Advocate Generals School, which is an accredited law school in Charlottesville, Virginia, and I was the chief of the criminal law division there, and taught or supervised that department for four years.
  - Q. During your time with the military, did you have any responsibilities or opportunities to work with any type of legislation about the military law?
  - A. Later in my career, certainly. We -- I was independent, and we were responsible for subsequent editions of the Manual for Courts-Martial. The Uniform Code of Military Justice is a law passed by Congress, the Manual for Courts-Martial is the implementing version which sets forth how you try cases and the rules of evidence, et cetera. So I, at one time or the other, would have been working in revising the Manual for Courts-Martial.
  - Q. Let me show you what has been marked as Exhibit 33, and ask if you can identify that.
  - A. That's the Manual for Courts-Martial, United States, 1951.

    And this was the Manual for Courts-Martial that was in effect

- 1 until 1968, when there was one -- a new one was promulgated.
- 2 Yes, I'm very familiar with it; it was the one I used in
- 3 trying courts-martial.
- Q. The criminal law in the military is governed by the Punitive Articles of the Uniform Code?
- A. Those are -- yes, those are the offenses, if you will, and they're codified under 18 United States Code.
- Q. Are they set out -- where the article is stated, are there
  any explanations -- any explanations of it?
- 10 A. Yes, there's an analysis of each one of the offenses,
  11 starting with the first punitive article through the last one.
- Q. And do they have the specifications of what is required to
- 14 A. There are a variety. If you're charging a case, there are draft specifications in the manual that you follow.
  - Q. The entire military court is governed by the Manual for Courts-Martial, is it not?
- 18 A. That is correct.

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- 19 Q. And they all apply equally throughout the military?
- 20 A. Well, to -- as long as they're subject to court-martial
  21 jurisdiction, which are the uniformed services and some
  22 peculiar situations in the coast and geodetic survey and
  23 things like that.
  - Q. But primary they're directed at the members of the military?

- 1 A. Most primary.
- 2 Q. After you left the Judge Advocate School in
- 3 Charlottesville, Virginia, what did you do then?
- A. I've been a member of a law firm, one or another, since then.
- Q. I'm sorry, after you left the Judge Advocate Corps at the school in Virginia, at Charlottesville?
  - A. I went to the Pentagon in Washington.
  - Q. What did you do at the Pentagon?
- A. I was the -- well, I was at Department of Defense as a special assistant for personnel matters for a short period of time, and then I was the Assistant Judge Advocate General for Military Law, which would include the criminal law division of the Judge Advocate -- Army Judge Advocate Generals Corp.
  - Q. Did you have opportunity during your career to serve as judge advocate of military units --
  - A. Oh, yes.

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- Q. -- that were active, like the A Team --
- A. Yes. I served with -- as the deputy staff judge advocate
  of the 101st Airborne Division, as the staff judge advocate of
  the Seventh Infantry Division in Korea, as the staff judge
  advocate of the 18th Airborne Corps at Fort Bragg, North
  Carolina.
  - Q. Now, what were some of the units, within the 18th Airborne Corps and Fort Bragg, that you had the responsibility for in

- 1 | the legal end?
- 2 A. Well, the 82nd Airborne Division, first COSCOM support
- 3 command, the JFK Center for Special Warfare. And the lawyers
- 4 that worked for the special ops groups there would have come
- 5 under my supervision.
- 6 Q. And you're talking about special operations, special ops,
- 7 are you referring to Special Forces?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. And that headquarters for Special Forces was at Fort
- 10 Bragg?
- 11 A. Fort Bragg, North Carolina, that is correct.
- 12 Q. You're familiar with the Special Forces operations and
- 13 | with their duties, their missions and where they operate and
- 14 | all of this?
- 15 A. Yes, sir.
- 16 Q. And how long did you serve as the Judge Advocate General
- 17 of the Army?
- 18 A. Four years.
- 19 Q. Four years at Washington?
- 20 A. Um-hum.
- 21 Q. And did you continue having supervisory authority over all
- 22 of the administration of military justice?
- 23 **A.** I did.
- 24 Q. How many lawyers were in your firm then?
- 25 A. This is kind of embarrassing; 2400.

- Q. And you had responsibility directly for them, did you not?
- 2 A. Unfortunately, yeah.

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- MR. DEAVER: Your Honor, I would submit -- offer General Overholt as an expert in military justice, military law.
  - THE COURT: Any objection?
- MR. OGIBA: No, Your Honor.
  - THE COURT: Okay, sure enough.
- 9 BY MR. DEAVER:
- 10 Q. Have you been retained by these plaintiffs?
- 11 A. Yes, I have.
- Q. And they are paying you, or you're being paid through the attorneys for whatever your consulting services are?
- 14 A. That is correct.
- 15 Q. Have you read Expendable Elite?
- 16 A. I have.
- 17 Q. Are you generally familiar with it?
- 18 A. Generally familiar with it.
- 19 Q. At the time you were reading it, were there certain issues 20 that the plaintiffs were asking that you look into and advise?
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 Q. Would you look at -- Let me give you a -- page 11 of the
- book, Expendable Elite. Sir, let me, if you don't mind, give
- you another one that doesn't have all of those papers in it.
- 25 A. I'm there.

- Q. Would you read that first paragraph on page 11, please?

  don't mean read it out loud, and the members of the jury may

  read it, but if you would read that paragraph just to refresh

  your recollection of the book.
  - A. I have.

- Q. All right. That paragraph represents a conversation that Mr. Marvin has written in his book, a conversation between him and Colonel Tuttle, the C-4 commander. And it essentially states that he wants -- they're talking about wanting Mr. Marvin to take the war into Cambodia, to start doing his -- taking his team into Cambodia, across the border?
- A. Yes, sir.
  - Q. Was it -- at that time was it -- was there a general order that prohibited going into Cambodia?
    - A. There was a prohibition on going into any of the other countries, and Cambodia would have been included in that. I made an inquiry of the Pentagon to make sure that I was correct, and talked to the chief of the international law division. And he affirmed that at this time it was not legal to go into Cambodia.
    - Q. But this discussion that they're having there is -- is concerning an agreement to violate the international law?

      A. Well, it's a standing order not to go into Cambodia. And in the general sense of international law, to invade other countries is -- would be a violation of a customary law.

- Q. I'm going to show you what is labeled in the trial notebook Plaintiffs' Exhibit No. 4.
- 3 A. Okay.
- 4 Q. Now, Plaintiffs' Exhibit 4, is it not an itemization of
- 5 some of the Punitive Articles of the Uniform Code of Military
- 6 | Justice?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 Q. Look at the Article 80, I believe it is, the first one?
- 9 A. It's Article 90.
- 10 Q. 90?
- 11 A. Article 81, excuse me.
- 12 0. 81.
- 13 A. Yeah, I apologize.
- 14 | Q. And that's conspiracy, is it not?
- 15 A. Yes, sir.
- Q. Does this conversation and this planning that is related
- on page 11 of the Expendable Elite, constitute a violation of
- 18 | that article?
- 19 A. In my opinion, it does.
- 20 Q. And what is the article that we're relating to there?
- 21 A. Well, we're talking about conspiracy, two or more people
- 22 agreeing to commit an offense. Also, you have a -- if I might
- 23 add -- a solicitation on the part of Colonel Tuttle to commit
- an offense, because he's asking the captain to do something
- 25 that's improper.

- 1 | Q. That's illegal?
  - A. Illegal.

- Q. It doesn't matter whether this is true or not, but the statement in the book --
  - A. All I'm going by is the statement.
    - Q. And you're not trying to testify as to the truth of it, are you?
  - A. No.
    - Q. Just what it contains. Now, without going specifically to places in the book, but let me just state, and it's already been read into the record or testified to by other of the plaintiffs, that they had military combat operations into Cambodia, and they fired their weapons into Cambodia and actually crossed the border.

Each time that there was a border crossing or firing into the country, into Cambodia, was there a violation of one of the Articles of Military Justice?

- A. Well, in this case the order that we're talking about, and which is admitted to in the book, that they were not supposed to do that, that would be a violation. Each occurrence.
- Q. And the violations that you're referring to, the violation of that order, is a serious violation in the military, isn't it?
- 24 A. Exactly. In my opinion.
  - Q. And it's punishable --

- 1 A. The conspiracy?
  - Q. Yes.

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- A. Is punishable by --
- 4 Q. Imprisonment or --
- A. Well, there is a table of maximum punishments that are in the -- that are in the Manual for Courts-Martial, and in this case it would be -- for conspiracy it is for the offense of which you are conspiring to commit, so you would go to that
- 9 offense and --
- 10 Q. That would be the penalty?
- 11 A. That would be the penalty.
- 12 Q. And it would be -- the --
- 13 A. For example, if violating the order was confinement at
  14 hard labor for two years, then that would be the punishment
  15 for conspiracy.
  - Q. And to this accusation or this provision in the book or these -- those situations that are described in the book, would be constituting a serious violation against these men who have -- who were mentioned in there or who were accused of this, would it not?
- A. Let me put it this way. They could have been

  court-martialed for those offenses, had they occurred or been

  brought to the attention of someone who wanted to prefer

  charges.
  - Q. Would -- had they been -- had charges preferred against

1 | them, would it have affected their military careers?

A. Most certainly.

MR. OGIBA: Objection, Your Honor, foundation.

THE COURT: Lay a foundation for that, I guess.

MR. DEAVER: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay.

## BY MR. DEAVER:

Q. If, for instance, Sergeant Taylor had been charged with firing a 4.2 mortar into Cambodia and being charged with it and court-martialed, would that have affected his military career?

MR. OGIBA: Same objection, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Same ruling. That's the same question.

- Q. Okay. Had he been -- Would this evidence or this -- if this were true, what was alleged in here, would that provide sufficient evidence to take the case to a court-martial?
- A. In my opinion, it would.
- Q. Now, if we would turn to page 280 -- 280 -- Let's, if you will, please, let's start with 275 and the headnote part of it, the italicized portion on page 275, if you would read that, and members of the jury, please, what that states in there.
- A. Okay, I've read it.
- Q. All right. Essentially this says that there was an order sent from Colonel Tuttle to Marvin, secret, urgent, that

ordering him and all of A-424 personnel to depart An Phu, where they were, not later than 2000 hours today. And it's signed Tuttle.

And then the following paragraph on that, it states, does it not, that Marvin is refusing to obey the order, and that John Strait agrees to -- with him to disobey it.

A. That's correct.

- Q. Now, does that -- if you'll look on this Plaintiffs'

  Exhibit 4 at Article 90, Subsection (2), which provides that any person subject to the chapter who willfully disobeys a lawful command of a superior officer -- superior commissioned officer --
- A. These facts would support a charge under Article 92, and -- I mean, excuse me, Article 90, in this case, for disobeying -- willful disobedience of order of a superior officer.
- Q. And what is the punishment that is prescribed for a violation that is set out here?
- A. Death, in the time of war.
- Q. And was that was this in a time of war in the book?
- A. Certainly. I might add, it was not a declared war; it was, under all the facts and circumstances, clearly a war.
  - Q. Was it, to the extent that it would support a charge under the -- the punishment under the time of war --
  - A. Yes, sir.

- Q. 1 -- provision?
- 2 Now, if you will, let's go to page 281, where that same 3 part is read there. Paragraph three from the bottom on page
- 281, that relates to, I shook his outstretched hand? 4
- 5 Α. Yes, sir.

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- Read that, please, and members of the jury.
- 7 Does that constitute an offense under the UCMJ?
- 8 Α. Certainly. It is a, number one, we've already talked
- about a violation of the order, this would amount to a mutiny. Q. And if you would look at Article 94 on Plaintiffs'
- Exhibit 4, Subsection (a) -- excuse me -- (a)(1)? 11
- 12 Α. Yes.
- And would you read how that -- what that -- what that 13 0. 14 charge is? What the violation is, excuse me.
- I have. 15 A.
- 16 Would you relate to the jury what that provision is?
- 17 That is the first of -- there are three elements for
- 18 mutiny. And this one involves the agreement, along with
- 19 another person, to not obey an order. And in this case, it is
- 20 to, in concert, which means with the other people that are --
- 21 we're not going to obey lawful authority.
- 22 Is there any other -- is there any violation of
- 23 subparagraph (3)?
- 24 I think one part was the other in this case under these
- 25 facts, they've also not done their most as a unit to prevent

- and suppress a mutiny which is ongoing. Every member of the
- 2 unit, once he is involved in this, has a duty to report this
- 3 to higher headquarters and disassociate himself with this
- 4 agreement.
- 5 Q. Would you look on page 282, please, of the Expendable
- 6 Elite.
- 7 A. Yes, sir.
- 8 Q. The first full paragraph -- or I'll say the last full
- 9 paragraph on page 281.
- 10 A. Yes, sir.
- 11 | Q. Does that constitute a completion of the mutiny?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. And how does that do that, General Overholt?
- 14 A. They have -- they have, in concert, agreed to disobey the
- orders to move their unit out, and they are now in the process
- of planning, in the book anyway, taking action to further
- 17 | that.
- 18 | Q. And in this he's stating that each of his men --
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 Q. -- has joined in the mutiny.
- 21 A. That would be the entire unit that was present during this
- 22 period.
- 23 Q. If you would, please, refer to page 286. And in that --
- 24 this, I would submit, has to do with the accusation or the
- 25 allegation or the presentation that the -- an ARVN regiment is

- 1 coming to --
- 2 A. To root them out.

Sergeant Taylor?

- Q. And then on page 287, the first paragraph, if you'll -- or the first paragraph and the two lines -- the next two lines and the next paragraph, down through the provision concerning
- 7 A. Yes, sir.

- Q. And what is that saying that they're doing at that time?
- A. They're getting ready to have combat with this relief force that is coming to take them over. And, of course, you get back to also there's this is an ongoing conspiracy to commit this crime, that it's a lesser included offense of mutiny. It's in furtherance of the mutiny.
- Q. Is there any violation or is there an article that prohibits the attempted murder of your own men?
- A. Well, there's certainly an attempt, a punitive article, and I think you could construe this as an attempted murder. However, I would -- when you're charging people, there's so many lesser included offenses, you probably got here violation of the lawful general order, willful violation of an order of a superior officer, a conspiracy to commit this offense, and a mutiny itself, which has been put in process. The conspiracy was complete when they agreed to do this and started their action to, if you will, defend against the unit, and sending the message that they were not going to leave. That is a very

- clear, based on the evidence in the book anyway, a very 1 2 clear --
  - And there was -- it was presented that if they -- a patrol was sent out from A-424 to intercept them, the --
    - That they may have to fire back.
    - Q. And that they were authorized to fire on them?
- 7 Α. And to kill.

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And to kill.

There were other violations that were set out throughout the book, were there not, without getting into --

- On the part of Colonel Tuttle, the part of Captain Marvin,
- Lieutenant Strait, that would be -- there's an offense, 12
- 13 conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman under Article
- 133, you could charge the officers with that. The enlisted
- 15 soldiers could also be charged under Article 134 for conduct
- against good order and discipline of the armed services. 16
- 17 Though for sentencing purposes, all of that is generally taken
- 18 care of by instructions from the judge, and wrapped up for one
- 19 purpose for sentencing.
- 20 So essentially these men have been accused of serious 21 crimes, is that correct?
- 22 Α. That is correct.
- 23 MR. DEAVER: That's all I have. Thank you, sir.
- 24 Α. Thank you.
  - MR. DEAVER: May I ask one? Only one, I promise.

- THE COURT: Okay. You get an extra one, too, we owe you one.
- 3 BY MR. DEAVER:
- Q. Is there a statute of limitations on the crime of mutiny and willful disobedience of a direct order?
  - A. If it's punishable with death, there's not.
  - Q. Thank you.

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#### CROSS-EXAMINATION

- BY MR. OGIBA:
- 10 Q. General Overholt, how are you doing?
- 11 A. I'm doing very well; thank you.
- 12 Q. Now, you testified earlier, General Overholt, that -- and
- is it okay for me to call you General Overholt?
- 14 A. Call me whatever you want; that's fine.
- Q. Okay. You've testified that you were generally familiar with the book at issue in this case.
- 17 A. Yes.
- 18 Q. Have you read the entire book?
- 19 A. I have. I found it fascinating.
- Q. And you've kind of generally referred to crimes that the plaintiffs committed in the book. Can you testify, sitting
- 22 here today, can you testify as to which crimes in particular
- each plaintiff committed? According to the book?
- A. Colonel Tuttle, when he solicited Captain Marvin to, if you will, go on a secret mission that no one could know about

- and if-you-tell-anyone-I'll-kill-you type deal, that was a solicitation to violate the general order.
- Q. Where in the book is that?

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- A. I think it's right at the first when they met and had their secret, I can't -- I'm not going to be able to go by page, so you help me on that, you've got it so much better than I have.
- Q. We've got the -- so you've listed the secret meeting between Colonel Tuttle and Captain Marvin.
  - A. The first meeting, yeah, the first meeting. And then he said -- pulled him aside and said we're going to go into Cambodia, or words to that effect.
  - Q. Okay. Were there any other crimes committed by Colonel Tuttle in this book?
  - A. I am trying to recall. I do not recall any.
- 16 Q. How about Lieutenant Strait?
- 17 A. In which part of the book?
- Q. Well, I just want to know what, if any, crimes Lieutenant
  Strait allegedly committed.
  - A. He would have been part of the mutiny that I've testified to. He was certainly there is a part of the book that we didn't go into, where there's an effort by the CIA apparently to assassinate Prince Sihanouk, and I remember that in great detail. A CIA agent flies in and gives Captain Marvin the go ahead and tells him to go kill Sihanouk. Plans are started to

- go to Cambodia and, if you will, murder Prince Sihanouk, and then those are withdrawn later. That would be a conspiracy, because there's certainly an agreement to kill Sihanouk, and
- 4 then there is some action taken to plan for that, though it is
- 5 not consummated.
- 6 0. Which --
- 7 A. And I believe that Lieutenant Strait was involved in that.
- 8 Q. Any other plaintiffs involved in that?
- 9 A. As I recall, they -- we were talking about planning and practicing, so I believe all of them were. All that were
- 11 present there at that time. Yeah.
- 12 Q. Okay. Can you point to the place in the book where --
- 13 A. No.
- 14 Q. -- that's set forth?
- 15 A. I can't go page by page in the book, it's a fairly
  16 detailed reading, but if you'll go to the page, I'd be happy
- 17 to --
- 18 Q. I mean, you're making the allegations that these
- 19 plaintiffs have committed specific crimes, so if you can point
- 20 to the book where these particular plaintiffs have made --
- 21 have committed specific crimes --
- 22 A. I believe I've testified on the facts that have been given
- 23 to me. And I'll be more able if you'll tell me where in the
- 24 book it is.
- 25 Q. Okay. So from your own recollection and your parsing

- 1 through the book --
- 2 A. That's my recollection.
- $^3$  Q. Any other crimes committed by Lieutenant Strait?
  - A. I would -- Did I mention the mutiny?
- 5 Q. I believe you did.

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- 6 A. I mentioned the mutiny, okay.
- 7 Q. Any other crimes?
- A. The solicitation to commit a crime, no, let's say the conspiracy to commit a mutiny would be --
- 10 Q. And where does that come into play?
- A. As part of the facts, oh, somewhere around the page 200 that we talked about, where the order comes down from Colonel
  Tuttle to boot up the camp and leave, and an order to defend
- 15 Q. The Hoa Hoas?
  - A. How do you pronounce that?

the Hoa Hoas, the unit --

- 17 Q. Hoa Hoas.
- A. Hoa Hoas. I'm pretty tough on that. And then they decide
- 19 that they're not going to follow that order, and they -- that
- 20 unit would be involved in that. That's disobeying the order.
- 21 They send a message back, as I recall, saying unless we get
- 22 amnesty for the Hoa Hoas, we're not going to leave. And then
- 23 that's a violation of the order, and a further and continuing
- $^{24}$  violation of the order and a mutiny.
  - Q. Okay. How about any of the other plaintiffs, what

- 1 specific crimes did the other plaintiffs individually commit?
- 2 A. Well, let me talk generally, if I may. Because to
- 3 identify each one where they were at the time. If they were
- 4 there during the period of time I'm talking about, they would
- 5 have committed the offenses I've testified to.
- Q. But sitting here today, you don't know whether or not they
- 7 were there?
- 8 A. I don't know that this happened, sitting here today, you
- 9 know, I cannot say.
- Q. Okay. But you don't know, you know, as included in the
- 11 book, which plaintiffs were there at which times, correct?
- 12 A. No.

- 13 Q. Okay.
- 14 A. That's fair enough.
- Q. Okay. Now, you've testified that you're being compensated
- 16 for your testimony today, correct?
- 17 A. My law firm is, yeah.
  - Q. Your law firm is?
- 19 A. The way that works.
- 20 Q. What is your consulting rate?
- 21 A. Wow. I -- I am -- I'm paid \$2500 for what amounts to
- 22 three trips now to Charleston, one which was aborted, and --
- as you know, and then this one here, of which we're paying the
- 24 expenses to.
- 25 Q. By you say we're paying the expenses?

- 1 A. Yeah, this comes out of that.
- Q. Okay. So you're paid a flat fee, and then you have to use
- 3 that flat fee, regardless of how much time --
- A. We have an agreement for \$2500, and I suspect I'll send a bill for this trip, too.
- 6 Q. Okay. So you'll send a bill over and above the \$2500?
- 7 A. Yes. Yes.
  - Q. Does that break down according to hour?
- 9 A. No.

- Q. Does it break down according to travel time versus testimony time?
- 12 A. No, huh-uh.
- Q. Approximately how much time have you spent to prepare for your testimony today?
- 15 A. It took me a day and a half to read the book, okay? And then --
- 17 Q. And you charged for all that time?
- A. No, well, it's all lumped up. I'm not getting paid very much by the hour, if that's what you're getting at. But
- 20 reading the book, reviewing the Punitive Articles, and travel
- 21 down here, and then the briefest part would be the testimony.
- Q. Okay. How many times have you testified at trial, having
- been qualified as an expert in military law and military
- 24 justice?
- A. This is the second time that that's happened.

- 1 Q. Second time. When was the first time?
- 2 A. In my -- in my memory, this is the second time.
- 3 testified in a court-martial, but I don't know that I can say
- 4 that that was as an expert witness. It was about military
- 5 law. But I would say before a court of this nature, this is
- 6 the first time.
- Q. Okay. This is the first time you've testified as an
- 8 expert?
- 9 A. Yeah, in a court in this type proceeding, because the
- 10 others were criminal; this is civil.
- 11 Q. Okay. Now, you work with a law firm, Ward and Smith,
- 12 | correct?
- 13 A. That's correct.
- Q. Out of North Carolina? What is your specific area of
- 15 practice?
- 16 A. I do government contracts, procurement, federal criminal
- 17 law on occasion.
- 18 Q. Do you do any lobbying?
- 19 A. Yes, I do some of that. We call it government relations.
- 20 THE COURT: Especially now.
- 21 A. Particularly now. I would not want to be a lobbyist. I'm
- 22 in government relations.
- 23 Q. So it's not fair to say that your primary area of practice
- 24 is lobbying?
- 25 A. That is fair to say, yeah.

For some, you know, you don't register as a

- Q. Are you a registered lobbyist?
- 2
- 3 lobbyist, you register for clients that might have you
- 4 lobbying for various affairs. For the past two years I've
- 5 been mostly dealing with the base realignment and closure
- 6 process on behalf of the Marine Corps Air Station Cherry
- 7 Point, and on behalf of North Carolina military bases, and in
- 8 that process you're trying to save your bases in your state,
- 9 so you do register as a lobbyist, if you will, for
- 10 representation of those military bases.
- 11 All right. Do you lobby on behalf of any private
- 12 entities?

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A.

- 13 I have. I'm not currently doing any, but I have. A.
- 14 Q. What private entities would those be?
- First Citizens Bank and Trust Company. I had a client, 15 A.
- 16 Unisphere, unfortunately which is bankrupt. Let me see.
- 17 have lobbied for the State of North Carolina, of course, in
- 18 the Bragg process. There may be some others that maybe -- if
- 19 you pulled it off the lobbying list, which is easy to do,
- 20 you'll have them there, so you can go over them.
- 21 Okay. Would it be fair to say that you've lobbied on
- 22 behalf of more than a dozen private entities?
- 23 A. I would say that would be the outer edge, yeah.
- 24 Q. I'm going to --

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MR. OGIBA: If I may approach, Your Honor?

1 THE COURT: Sure.

- 2 BY MR. OGIBA:
- Q. I'm going to hand you what's been -- what we've marked as
- 4 Defendants' Exhibit 38.
  - A. Yeah.

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- Q. Do you recognize that document?
- 7 A. I certainly do. I did not write it.

THE COURT: I didn't say anything.

MR. OGIBA: I'm sorry.

- 10 Q. You did not write that document, correct?
- 11 A. No.
- 12 Q. Have you had an opportunity to read it?
- 13 A. I have.
- 14 Q. Is it correct that this document is entitled Shoe Shine
- Boy, it's a Major General, Summary and Analysis of an Oral
- History of Major General Hugh R. Overholt, United States Army
- 17 retired, 1957 through 1989, and it was written by Major George
- 18 R. Smawley? Is that correct?
- 19 A. Absolutely. Yeah.
- Q. Did you -- were you interviewed by Mr. Smawley for this
- 21 | article?
- 22 A. No, I wasn't. I was interviewed -- I gave an oral history
- 23 to the -- to two officers from the Judge Advocate Generals
- 24 School, which is typical once old ducks retire, they come and
- 25 you give them a tape of your military career. Those are

- generally just buried somewhere and go away, fortunately, with time. Smawley got this oral history and decided to write an
- 3 article. With my permission, by the way.
- 4 Q. So you gave him permission --
- 5 **A.** I did.
- 6 Q. -- to use your oral history?
- 7 A. Um-hum.
- Q. All right. And you've had a chance to review this
- 9 document. Can you testify today that any of these quotations
- 10 from you in this article are inaccurate in any way?
- 11 A. No.
- 12 Q. So they're all accurate?
- 13 A. Yeah. I'll have to live with them.
- Q. All right. Are you familiar with the Military Law Review?
- 15 A. Yes.
- Q. Is it your belief -- If you could flip to the second page,
- 17 page 310 on this document?
- 18 A. Yeah.
- Q. And the header indicates that it is published in the
- 20 Military Law Review, Volume 176?
- A. This comes from the Military Law Review. This is where it
- 22 was published.
- 23 Q. Okay.
- A. You probably pulled it off the Internet, but it is in a
- 25 published volume.

1 MR. OGIBA: At this time, Your Honor, we'd like to 2 introduce Defendants' Exhibit 38 into evidence.

MR. DEAVER: No objection.

THE COURT: Okay.

(Defendants' Exhibit 38 received.)

MR. OGIBA: I have some extra copies for the jurors, if I might distribute them?

THE COURT: Sure.

BY MR. OGIBA:

- Q. Now, General Overholt, if you could turn to the second-to-last page in this article, page 362?
- A. Yeah.

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- Q. And if you could publish for the jury the very last paragraph in this, on that page that -- and that which runs to the top of the next page.
- A. After several false starts?
- Q. Yes, please.

interests."

- A. Yeah. "After several false starts in 1995, Major General Overholt joined two former associates in the firm of Ward, Smith and Hooper in North Carolina, leveraging his keen negotiating skills, his primary actors involves law including on behalf of the State of North Carolina, on military issues and for assortment of various commercial
- Q. Okay. So where Mr. Smawley indicates that your primary

- area of practice now involves lobbying, that's an incorrect statement, according to your testimony, correct?
- A. No, you've got to put this in context of when I gave the --
- 5 Q. Oral history?
- A. -- the oral history, which was about five years ago. At that time I was doing a lot more lobbying than I am now.
  - Q. Okay. Any reason why you don't do as much lobbying anymore?
- 10  $\blacksquare$  A. I don't have the clients. I would do more, yeah.
- 11 Q. Now, earlier in your testimony you made reference to
- Plaintiffs' Exhibit 4. Do you still have that in front of you?
  - A. Is that it? Or the book.
- 15 Q. That's right.
- 16 A. Okay.

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- 17 Q. Do you still have the UCMJ in front of you?
- 18 A. I do. I have the manual.
- 19 Q. Okay. You can conclusively state that Plaintiffs'
- Exhibit 4 is an accurate depiction of the depicted crimes, as reflected in the UCMJ?
- 21 reflected in the UCMJ?
- A. I'd have to compare them with each other.
- Q. Okay. And you've testified that the UCMJ that you had before you was applicable to these particular plaintiffs in
- 25 | 1966, correct?

- 1 A. Yes, it would have been.
- 2 Q. Because the UCMJ changed in 1968?
- 3 A. The manual's changed a lot more than the UCMJ has. It's
- 4 changed considerably. But the UCMJ, with the exception, I
- 5 think, of adding certain offenses which are not applicable
- 6 here, it's been pretty much the same.
- Q. But the Punitive Articles did not change in the 1968
- 8 revision?
- 9 A. Not appreciably, no.
- 10 Q. All right. Any changes?
- 11 A. I'm sure there were some, yeah.
- 12 | Q. Are you aware of what they are?
- 13 A. There were some dealing with, as I recall now, dealing
- with drug offenses. And in the early -- historically, in the
- 15 late 50s, early 60s, we did not have the drug problems that
- 16 came into the Army in the mid 60s -- armed forces, not just
- 17 | the Army -- and there were some adjustments made to punishment
- 18 for drug offenses, for one thing for sure.
- 19 Q. Now, you've testified about disobeying direct orders, and
- 20 that some of the allegations in Expendable Elite may have
- 21 constituted violating direct orders. Correct?
- 22 A. Some of the facts in the book.
- Q. What are the elements to violating a direct order?
- 24 A. Well, you have to have a -- an order from the superior
- 25 of --

- 1 Q. Any particular kind of order?
- 2 A. It has to have military -- relate to a military duty,
- 3 | right.

- Q. Does it have to be a legal order?
- 5 A. It certainly does.
- 6 Q. So there's no obligation to follow an illegal order?
- 7 A. No, sir. If you can sort that out.
- 8 Q. What do you mean by that?
- 9 A. If you're the recipient of the order, it's a -- to do
  10 something very quickly, you have to make a decision, is this
- 11 | legal or illegal.
- 12 Q. So the recipient of the order gets to determine whether
- 13 it's legal or illegal?
- 14 A. Well, generally it's going to be a court of law at a later
- 15 | time that determines that.
- 16 Q. But at least initially --
- 17 A. Initially, right.
- 18 Q. Okay. What are the --
- 19 A. Do you want some examples? Well, you know, you're working
- 20 for me, and I ask you to go and take my wife to the grocery
- 21 store. That's an illegal order.
- 22 Q. And why is it an illegal order?
- 23 A. Because that is outside of the military duty. You don't
- 24 have no duty driving my wife to the grocery store. If I order
- 25 you to go paint my beach house, that is an illegal order.

- You've got no business painting my beach house. However, if I order you to go pick up that gun and shoot an enemy that's coming over the wall at you, that's a legal order.
  - Q. Okay. Are there any illegal orders which would be applicable in a military context?
- A. Oh, certainly. If I were to order you -- if we had a prisoner --
- 8 Q. Yes.

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- 9 A. -- and I were to order you to shoot him, that would be an illegal order.
- 11 Q. Or if you ordered me to torture a prisoner?
- 12 A. That would be correct, yes.
  - Q. So there could be a plethora of scenarios where --
  - A. I think we could sit here and make up a whole bunch.
  - Q. Okay. But there are a lot of ways that -- certain orders that could be handed down, could be considered illegal, correct?
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. Do you have any reason to believe that the orders that are included in Expendable Elite, were legal or illegal?
    - A. Which orders are you talking about?
- Q. Well, you've testified that some of these -- or some or all of these plaintiffs violated direct orders. So whatever orders that you're referring to in making that allegation.
  - A. I do not believe the order to abandon the base, to return

- to camp, was an illegal order, if that's what you mean. That
  was certainly an appropriate legal order. And if they
  violated that or conspired to violate it, then it would be a
  - Q. Okay. So is that a judgment call --
- 6 A. Not --

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Q. -- whether that's a legal order or illegal order?

violation of the Uniform Code of Military Justice.

- 8 A. It's a legal call. It's not a judgment call.
  - Q. Okay. Is it fair to say that to determine whether or not an order is legal or illegal, you must know the full context
- 11 of how that order was made?
  - A. The order's usually plain and simple on its face, and that's what you have to deal with. I don't know how different contexts could make a difference, I suppose. But referring back to this book, it was pretty clear the unit was asked to stand down, and they didn't, and they made plans to fend off, if you will, an ARVN unit that was coming to relieve them.
  - Q. According to the book, why did those individuals do that?
  - A. They believed that their friends --
    - Q. The Hoa Hoas?
- A. -- the Hoa Hoas, should have amnesty. And, therefore, they were defending the Hoa Hoas.
- Q. Okay. Isn't it a bit stronger than that? Didn't, according to the book, didn't these -- some of these

- plaintiffs and Colonel Marvin believe that Hoa Hoas were going to be slaughtered if they left?
  - A. There is that statement in there, yes.
  - Q. Okay. So this order instructed the team to leave the Hoa Hoas behind to be slaughtered, according to the book?
- 6 A. According to the book.
  - Q. And you're testifying here today that that judgment of whether that order was legal or illegal, that that's not a proper judgment, that your testimony is that that order was legal despite the ramifications that followed that?
- 11 A. Absolutely.

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- Q. So despite the fact that these Hoa Hoas could have been slaughtered --
- 14 A. I have --
  - Q. -- it doesn't matter?
- 16 A. They were ordered to relieve their post.
- 17 Q. Okay.
- 18  $\blacksquare$  A. It was their duty.
- Q. So what kind -- How do we draw that distinction? If I am ordered to perform an act or not perform an act which could lead to the deaths of what I consider to be thousands of innocent people, is that a legal order that I should follow?
- A. That's so out of context to me that I cannot answer it. I have no opinion on that.
  - Q. You have no opinion on that?

1 A. No.

Q. Okay. But is there a line that you can draw in terms of possible casualties resulting from following an order, that would cause you to believe that an order is illegal or legal, and, therefore, should be followed or should not be followed?

A. Absolutely. I suppose in the case -- this is what you're looking for, I believe.

If these folks had arrived on the scene and started shooting the Hoa Hoas, then they would have every right to --well, I'll say every right --we're building a fictional pyramid here, I suppose -- to try to stop that. Because -- I can put it better in context with something we've all dealt with, and that's the massacre at My Lai, where our soldiers, unfortunately, were shooting civilians, and other soldiers came in and intervened and stopped that, and that was certainly legal for them to do that.

- Q. Okay.
- A. But you weren't to that point here, I don't believe.
- Q. Well, so what you're testifying to is that if this unit had come down and started slaughtering the Hoa Hoas, as Colonel Marvin believed that they were going to do, once they started slaughtering them, they could disobey the order, but not until then?
- A. Well, how reasonable was his belief, I think would be one thing you'd want to go to.

- Q. So whether or not Colonel Marvin and his men violated the order, depends -- violated a legal order, depends on the reasonableness of his belief that the Hoa Hoas were going to be slaughtered. Is that correct?
  - A. No, I won't go that far with you. No. I think that under the context of this book, the Hoa Hoas would have a lot of options. Number one, they could flee, they can go -- as I recall, they were already disbanding. So there's no imminent threat -- I'll put it like that -- to them.
  - Q. So your testimony --
  - A. And I would also add that there's no indication that the ARVN, who are massing to come up the river, are going to harm these people. They're basically going to take the -- as I understand the book, they're going to take the camp back from who they believe are folks that are walled up against them.
  - Q. So correct me if I'm wrong, but your testimony seems to go to whether or not Colonel Marvin's belief was reasonable or not, that the Hoa Hoa were going to be slaughtered.
  - A. No, I didn't say that.
    - Q. Okay.

A. I said that he had a direct order from a superior officer to give his post up. He believed, according to the book, that if he did so, that they would be deserting the Hoa Hoas; I think that's the term used in the book. I don't think that that was reasonable.

- Q. And the statement in the book is that he thought they were deserting the Hoa Hoas and leaving them to be slaughtered?
  - A. Yeah.

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- Q. Is that correct?
- 5 A. That is correct.
- Q. But your belief is that despite his belief that the order may have resulted in the slaughter of the Hoa Hoas, that he still should have followed that order?
  - A. If -- you're making me sound like a killer now.
  - Q. I don't mean to do that. I don't mean to do that.
- 11 A. Would you repeat that question, please?
  - Q. Sure. Your testimony is that despite Colonel Marvin's belief, reasonable or unreasonable, that by following the order, he was going to lead to the slaughter of the Hoa Hoas, he still should have followed that order?
  - A. He should have followed the order, yes.
  - Q. Okay. So I guess I'm struggling with the distinction you draw between those orders that you can -- those orders that you can consider to be illegal, because they can cause -- because following the order may cause the slaughter of innocent people, and those orders which would be considered legal, despite the slaughter of these people.
  - A. All you can do as an Army officer is put yourself in the position that Captain Marvin was in at that time. And I would -- I would opine that if I were in that position, I

- 1 would have followed the order to go.
- 2 Q. Okay. And again, that goes to the reasonableness?
- 3 A. Yes. Well, reasonableness or the legality.
- 4 Q. Okay.

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- A. Remember, you obey all legal orders.
- Q. But what we're talking about right now is whether the order was legal or illegal?
- 8 A. Yes.
  - Q. Okay. Now, we kind of got a little sidetracked, but you were talking about the elements to -- of proof to establish disobeying a direct order. You've testified that one of those elements is that there must be a legal order that was issued by a superior officer. Correct?
    - A. There could be a general order and regulation, there can be a direct order from a superior officer. The orders come in all different forms. A general order or regulation is one that another lawful order can be an order from one superior to a subordinate, I think. Those are niceties, and the only difference is actually in the maximum punishment for violating the order.
    - Q. Okay. What are the other elements to the crime of disobeying a direct order?
- 23 A. Well, that you receive the order and you didn't obey it.
  - Q. Okay. Is it fair to say that -- actually, if you could flip in the UCMJ, which you have before you right there.

- 1 A. Yeah, this one?
- Q. Yeah, if you could flip to page 321, and it's also
- 3 referenced again on 323, Articles 90 and 92, dealing with
- 4 disobeying direct orders.
- 5 A. Yeah, will do.
- 6 Q. Is it not fair to say that another element to proving that
- 7 a soldier violated or disobeyed a direct order is that the
- 8 superior officer must be authorized to give that order?
- 9 A. That would be true, yeah.
- 10 Q. Do you have any evidence that the officer in Expendable
- 11 Elite was authorized to give that order?
- 12 A. It is presumed that it is a lawful order. I have no
- $\parallel$  evidence that he was not authorized to give it.
- 14 Q. But if he was not authorized to give that order, then it
- 15 | wouldn't be a crime, correct?
- 16 A. Then the presumption would prevail and you would presume
- 17 | that he was authorized to give it.
- 18 Q. All right. But let's take away that presumption. What if
- 19 he wasn't authorized?
- 20 A. The presumption is part of the law.
- 21 | Q. Okay. What if Colonel Marvin were to -- what if Colonel
- 22 Marvin were court-martialed, and he were able to prove that
- 23 the superior officer was not authorized to give the order?
- Would he not have been considered to have disobeyed a direct
- 25

order?

- A. Well, then that goes to the legality of the order and that would be something that would be decided by the court-martial under appropriate instructions from the judge.
  - Q. Okay.

- A. And I don't mean to try to, you know, spar with you here.
  - Q. No, sure. I guess what I'm trying to get at is, doesn't the violation of Articles 90 and 92, dealing with disobeying a direct order, doesn't it depend on the context that the order was given, and that the order was to be carried out?
  - A. Well, it depends, number one, is it a lawful order, and we've already discussed that. And does the person that received the order, does he have knowledge of it. And then did he fail to follow the order. And then you can add the other parts, was it his superior officer or not his superior officer. Even if it's not his superior officer, it can be another offense of failing to obey a lawful order.
  - Q. Okay. I guess going back to my question, does it depend on the context of the issuance of the order and of carrying out that order, whether or not a crime was committed under articles 90 and 92?
- A. I think that's fair, yeah.
- Q. Now, are you aware of all of the crimes that the plaintiffs have alleged that the book alleges they committed?

  A. I'm not sure. I'm aware of the ones I've testified to and
  - A. I'm not sure. I'm aware of the ones I've testified to and have been presented to me by the plaintiffs' attorney, and the

- ones that you have presented me with. There may be others in here. I believe we addressed the Prince Sihanouk
- assassination part where the CIA asked an A Team commander to kill the Head of State of Cambodia.

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constituted a crime?

- Q. Was any -- so you believe that either the issuance of that particular order, or the receipt of that particular order,
  - A. Well, it would be hard to say if a CIA agent drops in on your camp and tells you to kill someone, and is that a legal order? I'd say it's not.
- Q. Okay. Do you have any belief as to whether that order was followed?
  - A. I have none. Other than what's in the book and what's been relayed to me.
  - Q. So if there was an order to assassinate Prince Sihanouk, given by a CIA officer, and that order was not followed, and no action was taken to follow that order, and, in fact, the order was rejected at that time, was any crime committed?

No, but as I understand it, as I recall from the book, it

- was not rejected out of hand, and that there were preparations and planning and looking at a route where Prince Sihanouk would be available for assassination, and that would be a conspiracy at least to commit an assassination.
- Q. But no assassination took place.
- A. None took place, that's exactly right.

- Q. Can you point to the page in the book that addresses that conspiracy?
  - A. The first here -- it's under the conspiracy articles.
  - Q. I apologize. I meant in Expendable Elite.
- 5 A. Oh, in Expendable Elite.
- 6 Q. Yes.

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- A. No, I can't, but you can, because you've got the book,
  you've read it much more than I have. If you'll just go to
- 9 the part on Prince Sihanouk, where --
- Q. But sitting here today, you can't point me to the place in
- 11 book where it alleges that?
- A. No, but if you gave me awhile, much more time than this
  Court's got, I could find it. I remember reading it.
- Q. Okay. Are you aware that the plaintiffs have alleged that the book makes the allegation that some of these plaintiffs
- 16 may have committed sedition?
- 17 A. Would you repeat that, please?
- Q. Okay. That was pretty inartful question. Are you aware that the plaintiffs in this lawsuit maintain that the book
- alleges that they committed sedition? Or some of the
- 21 plaintiffs.
- A. Well, sedition would be under Article 94 under mutiny, and
- 23 that is a -- trying to overthrow the civilian authority.
- 24 Q. Is that applicable in this case?
- 25 A. I don't recall sedition as being the high point. I think

- 1 a mutiny is very clear.
- 2 Q. Is there any evidence in this book of sedition?
- 3 A. Not that I recall.
- 4 Q. Now, you testified earlier concerning a standing general
- order that was in place in the 1960s, not to fire upon or
- 6 invade Cambodia. Correct?
- A. Well, that would -- that would apply to any country that we --
- 9 🖟 Q. Let's just talk about Cambodia.
- 10 A. Okay, yeah. That is correct.
- 11 Q. All right. So you are aware of a general order --
- 12 A. I could not name the general order that was in effect, but
- 13 It was generally believed in the literature that I have read
- 14 and the inquiries that I've made, informed me that I can make
- an opinion that there was no order -- there was a prohibition
- against going into Cambodia at that time, in that time frame.
- 17 Q. All right. Have you seen --
- 18 A. I have not.
- 19 Q. -- any general order?
- 20 A. Not that I can remember.
- 21 Q. Did the plaintiffs or plaintiffs' counsel provide you with
- 22 a copy of that order?
- 23 A. No.
- Q. So you haven't had a chance to review that order?
- 25 A. No.

- Q. You don't know if that order had any exceptions?
- A. I would expect it would not have, but I do not know.
- Q. Okay. So without that order in hand, and without an ability to review that order, can you testify with certainty
- 6 A. Well, can I -+ if there was an order, it was violated by
- 7 the -- in the terms of in this book.

that that order was violated?

- Q. But again, you haven't reviewed that --
- 9 A. I have not reviewed the order, but there was -- it was
- 10 clear that -- from reading the book, that the unit believed
- 11 that it was illegal to go into Cambodia. I mean, that was
- what the whole mess was about, was being called aside and say
- we have a secret mission, and I will deny that I ever told you
- 14 this, and but you go ahead and go into Cambodia, even though
- we aren't supposed to be there.
- Q. Have you listened to any of the audio tapes that were
- provided by the plaintiffs in this case?
- 18 A. I have not.

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- 19 Q. All right. Would it surprise you to learn that some of
- 20 these plaintiffs have indicated on audio tapes that they did,
- 21 in fact, go into the Cambodia?
- 22 A. Did not know that.
- 23 Q. All right.
- 24 A. Would I be surprised? Nothing surprises me.
- 25 Q. Are you familiar with General William C. Westmoreland?

- 1 A. Yes, sir.
- 2 Q. Did you know him?
- 3 A. I do not. I have met him, I mean -- I think that's fair
- 4 to say, but he was a little bit ahead of me; put it like that.
- Q. Have you ever read his book, A Soldier Reports?
- 6 A. I have not.
- Q. Are you familiar with what General Westmoreland's position
- 8 was in Vietnam?
- 9 A. He was the big guy.
- 10 Q. He was the commanding general of all allied forces in
- 11 | Vietnam?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. What were you doing during Vietnam?
- 14 A. I was in Korea, sitting on a mountaintop up on the
- 15 38th parallel, freezing.
- 16 Q. During the entire Vietnam conflict?
- 17 A. Well, for 18 months of it. The part that I should have
- been in Vietnam, where I'd have been a lot warmer. As a
- 19 lawyer, I wouldn't have got shot.
- 20 Q. Okay. But --
- 21 A. And I'm not making light of it, but I was in Korea.
- 22 Q. Sure.
- A. Sitting up there. We didn't have -- all the fuel oil went
- 24 to Vietnam.
- 25 Q. So you never served in Vietnam?

- 1 A. No, I did not.
- 2 Q. According to the oral history that we marked as
- 3 Exhibit 38, you wanted to go to Vietnam, didn't you?
- 4 | A. Well, yes, I asked to go to Vietnam.
- 5 Q. All right.
- 6 A. But that was because the unit I was with, the 101st
- 7 Airborne Division, was going. I -- I liked the people I was
- 8 working with.
- 9 Q. But instead you were sent to Korea?
- 10 A. I went to Korea. I was exiled, yes.
- 11 Q. So in terms of -- Can you tell me whether -- strike that.
- Would General Westmoreland or you be more qualified to
- 13 testify as to what standing orders were in place in Vietnam in
- 14 | the mid 1960s?
- 15 A. Clearly Westmoreland would be.
- 16 Q. I'm going to hand you what we've marked as Plaintiffs'
- 17 Exhibit 37, and I believe has been introduced into evidence.
- 18 I I'm going to show you the top of page 222. If you could
- 19 publish that for the jury, it's been published before, but if
- 20 you could publish it again.
- 21 A. 222?
- 22 | Q. Yes.
- 23 A. "I received authority in 1966 to conduct air and artillery
- 24 strikes, if fired on from across the border, but only if
- 25 essential to preserve the integrity of America's South

- Vietnamese forces, was I to pursue the enemy across the border into Cambodia."
  - Q. Okay. And that's written in the first person, that's General Westmoreland, correct?
  - A. That's General Westmoreland speaking, yes, in memoirs.
  - Q. Do you have any reason to doubt what General Westmoreland includes in that?
    - A. None whatsoever. And he doesn't say when in 1966, and he doesn't say what he did to fulfill that, but that's -- he says he received authority.
    - Q. Okay. So if General Westmoreland was authorized to go into Cambodia, to fire across the border if fired upon, and to pursue the enemy across the border into Cambodia -- I believe that would be considered hot pursuit -- does that change your opinion as to what the standing general order was in place -- A. No.
    - Q. -- in 1966?

- A. Well, we're talking about '65 and early '66. It was pretty clear that the people in this unit, from reading the book, which I have no opinion on, understood that they were not to go into Cambodia. Regardless. And I guess Westmoreland had not come down and talked to them at that time.
- Q. Okay. So is it your testimony that what's important is what their understanding was, rather than whether an order was

- 1 | in place?
- 2 A. Westmoreland may not have issued the order.
- Q. Okay. But given what he wrote in A Soldier Reports, does that suggest to you that there were situations in which they
- 5 could go into Cambodia in 1966?
- 6 A. If he authorized it.
- 7 | Q. And are you -+
- 8 A. And I do not know whether he authorized it or not.
- 9 Q. Okay. And you don't know whether or not any communication
- 10 from General Westmoreland authorized any of A-424 to go into
- 12 A. I do not know, that's correct.
- 13 Q. Okay. So if General Westmoreland authorized anybody, and
- 14 in particular, A-424, to go into Cambodia, then there wouldn't
- 15 be a violation of a general order, correct?
- 16 A. That's right.
- Q. And so some of your testimony concerning disobeying direct orders would then be --
- 19 A. Questionable.
- 20 Q. -- questionable. Okay.
- 21 A. Or could be questionable, I'll put it like that. I think
- 22 that sounds better.
- 23 Q. While you were in the JAG Corps --
- 24 | A. Um-hum.
- 25 Q. -- was it common knowledge that our troops engaged the

- 1 enemy in Cambodia?
- 2 A. There are some things I know that happened that were top
- 3 secret, and in a special compartmented context that I cannot
- 4 | testify to. But I will say this, that it became knowledge
- 5 | that we had gone into Cambodia and Laos at one period in
- 6 there. So I feel like I am -- because that has been written
- and put out, that there was a time whenever President Nixon
- 8 authorized bombing in that area, as well as Laos.
- 9 Q. Okay. Well, I'd sure like to find out what this
- 10 classified information was, but I won't push that.
- 11 A. Pretty much what I told you.
- 12 Q. Okay.
- A. Just talking around that, I'm not trying to be cute,
- 14 please, this is serious.
- Q. Right. During your time at the JAG Corps, did you ever
- 16 prosecute anyone for firing into Cambodia or going into
- 17 | Cambodia?
- 18 A. I was not in the courtroom at that time. I -- we had
- people in the Judge Advocate General's Corps that were trying
- 20 offenses on a daily basis in Vietnam. And I -- I cannot tell
- 21 you all of the offenses they tried. But they tried many
- violations of general orders, willful disobedience of orders,
- 23 murders, rapes, what have you.
- Q. Are you aware of whether any of those -- any of those --
- 25 any of those JAG officers prosecuted anybody --

- 1 A. I -- Prosecuted anybody? Yes. Very much aware.
- 2 Q. If you'd let me finish.
  - A. I'm sorry, I apologize.
- Q. Are you aware of whether or not any of those JAG officers
- 5 prosecuted anybody for firing into or invading Cambodia?
- 6 A. I am not.

- $^7$  Q. So sitting here today, you don't know whether or not
- 8 anybody has ever been prosecuted for invading Cambodia or
- 9 | firing into Cambodia?
- 10 | A. Do not.
- 11 Q. You're also not aware of what the military's policy was
- 12 concerning hot pursuit into Cambodia, correct?
- 13  $\blacksquare$  A. I am -- at a later date, after -- two years later, their
- 14 policy was one of hot pursuit.
- 15 Q. Okay. Were you aware of whether that was the policy at
- 16 the time --
- 17 A. I am not.
- 18 | Q. -- in 1966?
- 19 A. I am not.
- 20 Q. Does your opinion change, depending on General
- 21 Westmoreland's assertion in A Soldier Reports?
- 22 A. No.
- 23 Q. Are you aware of when this book was published?
- 24 A. The Soldier --
- 25 Q. Expendable Elite?

- A. I have to look. I read it just this year. You can --
- 2 When was it published?
- 3 Q. Well, if you --
- 4 A. 2003.
  - Q. 2003?

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- 6 A. Okay, that's good.
- Q. So this book has been out for two and a half, almost three years, correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. To your knowledge, has any investigation been started into whether or not any of the plaintiffs committed crimes as
- 12 alleged in the book?
- 13 A. Not to my knowledge.

you, if necessary.

- Q. Your testimony is that some of these crimes have no statute of limitations, correct?
- 16 A. I believe that to be true.
- Q. And if you could, please explain to the jury what a statute of limitations is.
  - A. Well, statute of limitations is that if you do not prosecute an offense from -- within a certain period of time, it could be three years, six years, and various offenses carry various statutes of limitation. If you pass that period and have not brought charges, then you're barred from doing so. And the judge in this case can more artfully explain that to

- Q. But your testimony is that some of these crimes, including mutiny, have no statute of limitations?
  - A. Generally that's true.
  - Q. Are you aware of whether that's true in this particular case?
- A. To be practical about it, there's no one going to come back and dig this up.
  - Q. Okay. So from a practical standpoint, these plaintiffs are never going to be charged with any offense, correct?
  - A. But they're going to have to live with the thought that they have done it. Or been accused of doing it.
  - Q. That's not my question though.
  - A. Well --

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- Q. From a practical perspective, they're never going to be charged, correct?
  - A. Practically, yeah. And of course, a lot of that goes to the evidence; did this really happen. If it didn't happen, that's a perfect defense.
- Q. But regardless, even if we had rock-solid proof that it did happen, they still wouldn't be prosecuted, correct?
- A. Well, what do you mean -- Rock-solid proof?
- MR. OGIBA: I withdraw that question.
- Q. If we could go back to this article by Smawley.
- 24 A. Yeah. Me.
- 25 Q. Yeah, about you.

- 1 A. Okay.
- Q. And you've testified this is an authorized biography,
- 3 correct?
- 4 A. Well, yes.
  - Q. I want to -- and I'm not going to go through the whole
- 6 thing.

- 7 A. Okay.
- 8 Q. But --
- 9 A. The jury thanks you for that.
- 10 Q. I'm sure they do. If you could flip to page 319, and
- specifically on the bottom of the page, I believe you're
- 12 quoted there.
- 13 A. Probably am. And -- where do you want me to start?
- 14 Q. Yeah, right there, and praise the Lord.
- 15 A. "And praise the Lord, at the last minute they called down
- and said they were so short of lawyers in the field that for
- 17 this class we're going to cancel your infantry basic training
- and you're going to go directly to your assignments. We
- expect you on your own to learn to do all the things we
- expected you to know. I think the first watershed event of my
- 21 career was missing infantry basic. I'm still convinced, had I
- 22 gone, I'd have gotten kicked out."
- 23 Q. So you never made it through infantry basic training?
- A. I did not go to infantry basic training, but I didn't get
- 25 kicked out, either.

Q. Okay.

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- A. Make the record straight on that.
- 3 🛮 Q. All right. Further down on page 320 --
  - A. Um-hum.
  - Q. -- if you could -- well, page 320 references your service at Fort Chaffee, correct?
- 7 A. Chaffee.
  - Q. Chaffee, I'm sorry. If you could begin reading in the second full paragraph, beginning, a critical mission.
  - "A critical mission of the Fort Chaffee legal office, of Captain Vick Harvey in particular, was support they provided to General Walker, commander of the 101st Airborne Division, sent by President Eisenhower to enforce immigration of Central High School in Little Rock. The riots, the suppression of the rights, the troops escorting the little children to school with bayonets, that sunk in big time. General Walker received a very unfavorable newspaper article about the brutality of his troops in Arkansas Gazette, the main paper in Little Rock. He gave an order to one of his battalions to go seize the Walker would have done it, I'm sure, but Captain newspaper. Harvey stepped in the door and said, 'You can't do that, you won't do that, and if you do, I'll report you.' That was pretty gutsy for a captain. Walker was absolutely crazy, and that was proven later in Germany when he was relieved."

And that's far enough. That par -- where it's indented

- there, that's your -- those are your words, correct?
- 2 A. That's a quotation from the oral history, yes.
- Q. That's a quotation. Do you recall that incident, sitting here today?
- 5 A. Do I recall Vick Harvey? Absolutely.
- 6 Q. Okay.
- 7 A. Great American.
- Q. Isn't it fair to say that given this narrative that you set forth where General Walker had ordered his battalion to seize the newspaper, and then Captain Harvey stepped in the door and said you can't do that, you won't do that, and if you
- 12 do, I'll report you?
- 13 A. Yep.
  - Q. Isn't Captain Harvey violating a direct order there?
- 15 A. No.

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16 Q. Why not?

Gazette?

- A. What has Harvey done? He has stopped a general officer from doing something that's so totally illegal and out of bounds, it was a very courageous thing for him to do. Walker was a nut.
- Q. I see. I see on the next page he was crazy.
- A. And his only thing between him and, you know, he's going to take a battalion of troops and go and seize the Arkansas
- Q. But that, according to you, that's an illegal order,

- 1 | correct?
- A. To seize the Gazette? No, it's illegal activity, not an
- 3 order. Just like committing murder. You don't do it.
- 4 Q. Well, in your quotation here you said he gave an order to
- one of his battalions to go seize the newspaper.
- 6 A. Yes, it would have been illegal order.
- 7 Q. So that's an illegal order?
- 8 A. Yes, sir.
- 9 Q. And your testimony is that it was heroic for Captain
- 10 Harvey to violate that order.
- 11 A. Yep.
- 12 Q. Was Captain Harvey ever court-martialed for this?
- A. Nope. In fact, nobody knew about it except the judge
- 14 advocates.
- Q. But, with the judge advocates knowing about it, he could
- 16 easily have been court-martialed, if you considered it to be a
- 17 legal order, correct?
- A. Well, he answered to another authority, not -- not to
- 19 General Walker.
- 20 Q. Are you aware of whether Captain Harvey -- I assume it's
- 21 not Captain Harvey anymore?
- 22 A. He is deceased.
- 23 Q. Okay. Are you aware of whether or not he ever sued
- 24 anybody for defamation for this statement, or for this story?
- 25 A. Defamation?

- 1 | Q. I mean --
- 2 A. No.
- 3  $\blacksquare$  Q. There's an allegation that he violated the order.
- 4 A. There was never even published in the paper.
- 5 Q. Okay. So he was --
- A. But I could not make something like this up, if that's what you're getting at. It happened.
- Q. But -- so your testimony is that it was heroic for Captain
  Harvey to violate this order, because it was illegal, but it
  was criminal for Colonel Marvin to --
- 11 A. What Captain --
  - Q. If you could let me finish, please.
- 13 A. Okay.

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- Q. -- but it was illegal for Colonel Marvin to violate orders
  that he considered to be illegal in Vietnam. Correct? That's
  your testimony.
- 17 A. You're mixing apples and oranges on me.
- Q. Okay. You've testified that Captain Harvey was heroic for violating this illegal order set forth in this --
  - A. For an event that is happening right in front of him, where he is the legal officer, and steps forward and tells him it's illegal what he's doing.
  - I suspect if Captain Marvin had had a lawyer with him in the A Team, and which we do have a lot of lawyers out in Special Forces now -- we didn't then -- they would have

- 1 advised him not to do what he did.
- 2 Q. Okay. But I guess my point is, your testimony is that it
- 3 was heroic for Captain Harvey to do what he did. And I think
- 4 you say it was pretty gutsy for a captain to do what he did.
- 5 It was heroic to --

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- 6 A. Heroic -- Did I use the term heroic?
- 7 | Q. I believe you did; maybe I'm wrong, but --
- 8 A. Well, that's, you know --
- 9 Q. But there was an order issued by General Walker, and he violated the order, or he instructed --
- 11 A. He advised against the -- he advised the general to withdraw the order, and he did.
- Q. If that was a legal order, he could have been in some trouble, couldn't he?
  - A. It -- well, he knew it wasn't, because he was there for just such a purpose, to advise on what was legal and not legal to do, under the terms of the occupation of Little Rock.
  - Q. But if it was a legal order, he would have been in trouble.
  - A. In a general context, yes.
- Q. So you're drawing a clear distinction between what Captain
- 22 Harvey did and what Colonel Marvin and his men did, correct?
- 23 A. And the whole scenario is totally different, yes.
- Q. But there's sometimes where it's okay to violate an order and sometimes where it's not okay.

- 1 A. I wouldn't say that.
- 2 Q. Depends on if --
- $^3$   $\parallel$  A. I said it depends on whether the order is legal or not.
- 4 Q. And again, that depends on the context. Correct?
- 5 A. Well, it depends on the order, yes.
- Q. Now, I hate to get into this with you, but if you could flip to page 327.
- 8 A. Doesn't bother me.
  - Q. The very bottom, very last paragraph, beginning, it was a different army.
- 11 A. Yeah.

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Q. It reads there, "It was a different Army. A commandwide midnight curfew was imposed which Overholt -- you -- and a fellow JAG, Bill Bell, missed at least once." And this is a quotation from your oral history. "I remember one night when we were just irretrievably caught. There was no way. So we got in the trunk of the car and our wives drove us back to post to get us in the house."

Is that an accurate depiction of that incident?

- A. My wife has subsequently corrected me. I did not get in the trunk of the car, I got in the back of it and they threw a blanket over me. But the -- the context, yes, in that sense is the same.
- Q. Okay. So --
- A. So did I violate the curfew? Yes.

- 1 Q. Did you violate the curfew? Yes.
- 2 A. Yes, there's a statute of limitations run.
- Q. Okay. The statute of limitations has run. But violating
- 4 the curfew, what was that -- what was a violation of a curfew
- 5 punishable by?
- 6 A. That would have been a misdemeanor at that time. In my
- opinion, it was failure to obey an order. Would be a failure
- 8 to obey an order to be in my bed by midnight.
- 9 Q. But you were never court-martialed for that offense?
- 10 A. I was never investigated.
- 11 Q. Okay. Because of the blanket?
- 12 A. That's exactly. And I suspect you could testify to some
- 13 things like that.
- 14 Q. Luckily I'm not on the stand.
- 15 A. I understand.
- 16 Q. If you could turn to page 332. And I'm referencing the
- 17 footnote, and again, it appears to be a quotation attributed
- 18 to you.
- 19 A. Yeah, I'm there.
- 20 Q. Okay. And this quotation -- in this quotation you talk
- 21 about rice bills, and this is during your service in Korea.
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 Q. And we're not going to -- I mean, the jury, I assume, can
- read this for themselves, and I'm not going to make you read
- 25 through this, but suffice it to say that rice bills were -- it

- 1 implies kind of nefarious conduct, correct?
- A. Whatever you call nefarious. It was living off base with an indigenous girl. Yeah.
  - Q. About halfway down this quotation it indicates that "Adultery was still a big offense, so any of the married guys that were paying rice bills were very careful not to let you

Were you aware of any married guys that were paying these rice bills?

- A. Actually, and unfortunately, yeah, we had to give Article 15s, that's punishment, to those that we did know and found.
- 12 Q. Okay. So in +-

know about it."

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- A. Yes, we knew of some, and when we did, they were punished.
- Q. Okay. But is it fair to say that -- Well, strike that.

This says that a lot of these, the married guys who were committing adultery, that they did their best to keep it from people like you. Correct?

- A. Well, people like the authorities, sure.
- Q. Because it was punishable under a court-martial?
- A. Yeah, well, generally Article 15, nonjudicial punishment.
- Or reprimands, written reprimands that would go in the officer's file.
- Q. And if you knew about those, you were under a duty to report those, correct?
  - A. Yeah. That would be correct.

Q. Now, next, page 335. We talked a little bit before about how the UCMJ was changed in 1968. Now, your quotation here, the parenthetical quotation on page 335 in the main text, talks about the Military Justice Act of 1968. If -- and about half of the way down starts talking about, after the ellipses, says, "We also had started having -- we had started having all of these magazine articles written about military justice. You know, quote, military justice is to justice as military music is to music, end quote. Front page of Time Magazine and the front page of Newsweek about how atrocious military justice was. How unfair it was. Then we had the O'Callahan versus Parker decision which was highly critical of military justice. There was doom and gloom throughout the military justice business, back channel criticisms by General Westmoreland, the My Lai cases -- " which you testified about briefly "-- and a lot of that revolved around the instruction in criminal law at the JAG school. It took front and center."

Is that an accurate depiction of your quote from the oral history?

- A. Yes, absolutely.
- Q. You attribute some of the disparaging comments concerning military justice to Time Magazine and Newsweek, and you also cite the O'Callahan versus Parker and the My Lai issues.
- A. Yes.

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Q. What was -- Does this accurately reflect your opinion of

military justice at the time?

A. Absolutely not. We were rock solid in believing we had the best justice system available, comparable to anything you would find in State Court or in Federal Court.

And in context -- there's some of this that's been taken out of context for this article -- we say a lot of that revolved around the instruction in criminal law at the JAG school.

We were given the mission of rehabilitating the military justice system in the public's eye, in view of all of this adverse publicity we were getting. So we set about to writing articles, explaining the military justice system in any venue that we could. Entering into debates. I debated several civilian attorneys in various forums on comparing the court-martial system to the state criminal law systems.

Q. All right. Now, you referenced the Military Justice Act of 1968. In your opinion, did that do a lot to help out the system of military justice?

A. I think the biggest thing it did for -- since the -- Up until 1968, the Army used special courts-martial. You have summary courts-martial, special courts-martial and general courts-martial. The Army used special courts-martial a lot.

And you could get a fairly severe punishment of -- hundreds of those were tried, but you were not permitted to have an attorney or to have a military judge present. And, therefore,

- 1 you had line officers representing accused in these cases.
- 2 The Military Justice Act of 1968 provided for attorneys at
- 3 these courts-martials. And I think that that was the thing.
- 4 And that was one of the reasons that all the military
- 5 services, Army lawyer, Air Force lawyer, Navy lawyer base
- 6 increased dramatically. We had to bring in 500 more new
- 7 | lawyers into the Army, just to do the special courts-martial.
- 8 Then it got so they became easier to do general
- 9 court-martials. That's the context that's in.
- 10 Q. The Act of 1968, in your opinion, served the ends of
- 11 military justice?
- 12 A. Oh, certainly, yes. It enhanced the rights of the
- 13 soldier.
- 14 Q. Next, on page 348, and this is in the context of what
- appears to be a list of 16, I guess you could call them tenets
- 16 | that you adhere to. Is that correct?
- 17 A. Yes. Whatever. Let's see.
- 18 Q. I don't know what you would call it.
- 19 A. Personal leadership in the practice of military -- Okay,
- 20 yes.
- 21 Q. If you could turn to number 11, you are quoted as saying,
- 22 | "Do what is right and look at the big picture." Correct?
- 23 **A.** Yeah.
- Q. And it says, "Because something is legal, doesn't mean it
- 25 is right. Integrity is the hallmark of everything we do."

What does that mean?

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- A. It means exactly what it says.
- Q. Okay. So just because something is legal, does not mean
- 4 | that it is right. I guess you're drawing a distinction
- 5 between what is legal and what may or may not be moral?
- 6 A. I'm not drawing attention to what is between legal and
- 7 | illegal, but you can hide behind legal niceties very often,
- 8 and not do what is right, not really help someone. If you
- 9 | find someone, for example, that has got a drug problem, but
- 10 it's not serious, of course you can hammer him down, you know,
- 11 you can send him to prison and do that. I believe that we
- 12 should set up a rehabilitation system where we would give
- 13 soldiers at least one shot. It was not awfully successful,
- 14 I'll be honest, but that was one of the foundations for that
- 15 statement, to try to bring a little bit of, if you will,
- 16 | judgment into the system. That was my personal opinion; I'm
- 17 not saying that anyone else would adhere to it.
- 18 Q. Okay. Would it be fair to apply that statement, because
- 19 something is legal, doesn't mean it is right, you testified
- 20 | that, you know, that means you don't hide behind legalities
- 21 and that you do what is right. Would that also apply to
- 22 violating a standing order?
- 23 A. Depends.
- 24 Q. If it's doing what you think is right?
- 25 A. Nope.

- 1 Q. No?
- 2 A. Not in that context.
- 3 Q. Okay.
- 4 A. That would be a violation of the law. I'm not talking
- 5 about violations of the Uniform Code of Military Justice
- 6 there. I'm using legal more in the general context of
- 7 morality.
- 8 Q. Okay. But if I were --
- 9 A. Maybe I was inartful.
- 10 Q. If I were to come in and say, well, yeah, these 30
- 11 | innocent people died, but I was just following orders, that
- 12 doesn't fit within number 11 here?
- 13 A. No.
- 14 | Q. No?
- 15 A. No.
- 16 Q. Okay.
- 17 A. No, that's stretching it.
- 18 | Q. All right. Are you familiar with Colonel Marvin's
- 19 | allegations in his book that he was leading an unconventional
- 20 group in Vietnam?
- 21 A. That is the texture of the book, yeah.
- 22 Q. That he was engaged in covert operations?
- A. Yeah, based on what he believed that his orders were from
- 24 Colonel Tuttle.
- 25 | Q. So your understanding of this book is that Colonel

- 1 Marvin's allegations are that he was leading an unconventional 2 and covert unit. Correct?
  - A. I believe that he thought he was.
  - Q. Okay.

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- 5 | A. I don't know whether I know on that.
- Q. Are the rules different for unconventional or covert units, than for conventional units?
  - A. No, sir.
- 9 Q. No, they're not?
- 10 A. No, the Uniform Code of Military Justice applies across
  11 the board. Now --
- Q. So you don't cut breaks to covert units, under the UCMJ.

  Is that your testimony?
  - A. Don't cut breaks in what way? Give me a scenario.
  - Q. Your testimony is that you would treat a member of a covert unit exactly the same as a member of a conventional unit, under the UCMJ, is that correct?
    - A. It would depend on the mission, on the classification of the mission. I mean, I'm sure there are examples that I don't have access to, where if you had a courts-martial, for example, it might compromise an entire operation, and those matters are probably handled in a different way.
    - Q. Okay. So because of the nature of a covert or unconventional mission, you may treat that differently under the law, than you would a conventional unit.

- 1 A. You might use different judgment.
- 2 Q. Okay. And by that, you mean you might not prosecute a
- member of a covert unit for something that you would prosecute
- 4 a member of a conventional unit for?
- 5 A. I think it would depend on the offense. If you want to
- 6 | start --
- 7 Q. Are there any --
- 8 A. Well ---

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9 Q. -- situations in which --

10 THE COURT: Mr. Ogiba, getting two lawyers to talk to
11 each other, you can't keep talking over each other.

MR. OGIBA: I apologize.

THE COURT: Go ahead.

- A. And I apologize to the jury. I'm sorry.
- THE COURT: Ask a question now.
- 16 BY MR. OGIBA:
- Q. So I guess my last question was whether there were crimes that you would not pursue via a court-martial against a covert
- or unconventional warrior, that you would pursue against a
- 20 conventional warrior. Is that correct?
- A. I would have to have the scenario, the classification, the
- 22 mission, the offense, to answer that.
- Q. Okay. Are there any situations in which that would be
- 24 true? Any?
- 25 A. There's always an exception.

Q. I would like to draw your attention to page 354 of your -of this Exhibit 38. Starting in the first full paragraph,
I'll read it for the jury here and for you.

"Army special operations were maturing in this active operational environment, a community that, until now, had minimal judge advocate visibility. Conventional legal issues relating to misconduct, acquisitions, ethics and federal law, were often challenged by the necessities of unconventional missions and mission units." And now a direct quote from your oral history. "There is always the yin and yang. Are you willing to tolerate a certain amount of misconduct in order to keep an operation covert, if it is doing the thing it is supposed to do for the country? I will tell you the answer in my mind is absolutely yes. You can do far more damage to the country by blowing one of these operations, than you can ever -- than you ever can by finding other ways to handle misconduct. Now, I would never do that with a murder or a rape or something like that, though I thought a time or two the murder part was going to get tested. It never was."

A. That's true.

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- Q. That's true.
- A. The murder part.
- Q. The murder part. Okay. Is the rest of it true? Does that reflect your opinion?
  - A. Depends on the -- again, if I have a scenario. I will

- 1 give you one, if that's what you're looking for.
- 2 Q. Sure.

A. We'll say you have an unauthorized absence from a unit that is employed to a very secret place, maybe for 24 hours, you know, how do you handle that? You make the guy run around the perimeter 100 times, rather than give him an Article 15, and make something a matter of record. It generally involves

minor misconduct; certainly not major misconduct.

I am certain that there are covert activities way beyond my classifi -- what I'm cleared for, or cleared for currently, certainly, where you have to make those judgments just exactly how you're going to help the country move along.

If you're referring back to the book, you could put it in that context and I can answer it.

- Q. Okay. I guess my question is, pursuant to this quotation from you ---
- A. Yeah.
- Q. -- is it fair to say that under certain circumstances the rules are different for a covert unit or unconventional unit versus a conventional unit?
- A. That is possible.
- Q. Give me one second.
  - A. Sure.
  - MR. OGIBA: I have no further questions, thank you for your time.

1 A. Thank you.

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THE COURT: He may want to go home, so I figure I'll get him done, then we'll take our break. Are you spending the night with us or heading home?

A. I think I'll go back.

THE COURT: Let's go then.

A. Thank you, sir.

#### REDIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. DEAVER:

- Q. Do you feel like you're getting rich in compensation from these men for this time that you're spending?
  - A. This is a watershed event. Memorable.
    - Q. And I do appreciate it, and I know that it is, in part, because of our prior friendship that I called on you, and I apologize, I didn't know it was going to take this long a time as it did.
    - A. There's absolutely no problem.
  - Q. There was -- there were questions asked you about the statute of limitations, and you answered me and to Mr. Ogiba that certain penalties that are -- or certain articles of the UCMJ that carry the death penalty do not have a statute of limitations.
- 23 A. That is my recollection, yes.
- Q. And that you didn't think that these men would be prosecuted, because they denied that it ever happened.

- A. I believe I said that there was a defense that it never happened, yes.
- 3  $\blacksquare$  Q. That there was an offense alleged against them --
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Q. -- but that the possibility of prosecution was nil.
- 6 A. After all of these years, probably.
- 7  $\blacksquare$  Q. And after their denial that it even happened.
- 8 A. Right.
- 9 Q. Mr. Marvin has admitted under oath and in a deposition, 10 that he committed these offenses. And the statute of
- limitations has not run. Would it be possible for him to be
- 12 prosecuted?
- 13 A. Possible.
- Q. Now, these -- you were asked again about prosecution of
- unconventional or covert operations. And there is a
- 16 classification of information that is -- that requires
- 17 clearance and certification that a person is entitled to, say,
- 18 clearance for top secret, for secret and so on.
- 19 A. And beyond that, what's called special compartmental --
- 20 compartmentaled information.
- 21 Q. But it doesn't go outside that compartment.
- A. Does not. Cannot. And that compartment can be as small
- 23 as five people.
- Q. Does the secrecy oath that is required for this, say, for
- 25 top secret, permit someone who is party to it, to testify

- 1 | about it?
- 2 A. No.
- Q. And if such an event occurred and they were summoned, they
- 4 could rely on the disclosure protections that they have, could
- 5 they not? And it would require an order -- the judge would
- 6 have to determine in chambers whether it would be --
- 7 A. That's extremely true. That's particularly true when
- 8 you're using highly covert FBI agents or CIA, bringing them
- 9 | into court.
- 10 Q. Now, I think you might have answered this on that
- 11 statement by General Westmoreland that was read into the
- 12 record from his book. There is nothing in that book or in
- 13 that statement that was read -- I hadn't read the book
- 14 either -- but in that statement, the statement that's in
- evidence, on page 222 of that book, that states that he
- 16 utilized the authority that was given him in 1966, to follow
- 17 | hot pursuit.
- 18 A. I just read it, Mr. Deaver, and it said I was authorized,
- 19 but it did not say that I implemented it.
- Q. He did nothing in furtherance of that authorization.
- 21 A. As far as that statement was concerned.
- 22 Q. I hope you make your flight.
- 23 A. Thank you.
- 24 MR. DEAVER: Thank you.
- 25 MR. OGIBA: I have one follow-up question.

THE COURT: Mr. Deaver, do you have another question?

MR. DEAVER: Excuse me?

THE COURT: I didn't know whether you had another question.

MR. DEAVER: Yes, I did.

THE COURT: Based on the consultation, all right, go ahead.

### BY MR. DEAVER:

that book.

- Q. If you would refer to the tab 20, I believe it is, on page 42. And I'm going to show you, I believe, that portion of
- THE COURT: What exhibit?
  - MR. DEAVER: Page 42 of Exhibit 20, is it?
  - MR. BEN DEAVER: Begins on page 42 of book, it's -- of Expendable Elite.

THE COURT: Page 42 of Expendable Elite, okay, go ahead.

### BY MR. DEAVER:

- Q. The last -- the last couple paragraphs. And these are the words of Mr. Marvin in that book. Would you read those, please, out loud?
- A. "I told my man that we had to be prepared to deny having taken any action that would have been the basis for reports we would receive coded Nantucket, the code word for all reports relating to violation of neutral territory, and we would have

to deny them fast. 'I'll prepare some canned responses and give them to Eleam to keep handy in the commo bunker. Eleam, I want you to make sure our commo men know where they are.'

"'Will do, Dai-uy,' Eleam answered.

"'Unless you want to go to Leavenworth,' I warned, 'and take me with you, you'll all keep quiet about everything we do here except civic action and medical patrols. That way you aren't apt to slip and say something wrong -- or say the wrong thing.'"

- Q. Is this what you were referring to when you said that Mr. Marvin had indicated his knowledge of the neutrality violations?
- A. Yes. As well as the conversation with Colonel Tuttle at the start of his --
- Q. That started it. Okay.
  - A. It was clear to me from reading the book that at least they understood they were not supposed to go into Cambodia.
- Q. And there was an incident in there that Mr. Marvin referred to of a captain of an A Team that had a man killed, and then he fired back over into Cambodia, and ended up court-martialed and put in Leavenworth? Now, Leavenworth, that's something more than the command in general --
- A. It is the principal military prison.
- Q. That's what Leavenworth they're referring to there?
- 5 A. Yes.

1	MR. DEAVER: That's all I have then, thank you, sir.
2	RECROSS-EXAMINATION
3	BY MR. OGIBA:
4	Q. General Overholt, I just have one quick follow-up
5	question, in light of your testimony that Colonel Marvin could
6	face a court-martial based on his admissions in the book and
7	otherwise. Have you had a chance to review any other
8	material, aside from the book itself, concerning the
9	allegations made in the book?
10	A. Any other materials? I have I read the complaint in
11	this case. And that's pretty much it. Yeah.
12	MR. OGIBA: Okay. Thank you.
13	THE COURT: Thank you, sir.
14	A. Thank you.
15	THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen, we'll take a break
16	at this time, we'll start at 25 after.
17	(A recess was held at this time.)
18	THE COURT: Anything before we bring the jury in?
19	MR. COLLINS: Judge, we have a stipulation, whenever
20	the judge wants to hear that.
21	THE COURT: I love to hear about stipulations of
22	dismissal.
23	MR. COLLINS: We've agreed to two stipulations; one,
24	that Colonel Marvin is the author of the book.
25	THE COURT: Okay.

MR. COLLINS: And two, that Trine Day, LLC, is the publisher of the book.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. COLLINS: I don't know how you want to handle that, but figured we'd cut down on our proof time.

THE COURT: You can stand up and just announce that to the jury. I'll tell them that y'all stipulated; how does that sound?

MR. COLLINS: Seems rather simplistic.

MR. BEN DEAVER: Your Honor, then we have one other issue I'd like to bring before the Court, is -- which we're probably going to get to tomorrow -- is Mr. Sirois' testimony, there's two tapes that the defense is moving to move into evidence. I believe one, we don't have an objection to, but the other one is one called The Dog Lab, it's one we have an objection to based on relevancy. And since we're not going to

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1 THE COURT: Bring the jury in. 2 (Jury present.) 3 THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen of the jury, I told 4 you at the outset, certain things are evidence, and one of the 5 things I said was evidence was stipulations or agreements by 6 the lawyers. The lawyers have come to two agreements in this 7 Number one, that this book was written by Mr. Marvin, case. 8 Colonel Marvin, and number two, that it was published by Trine 9 So those are stipulations in this case, they don't Day. 10 disagree on that, and so you can accept that as evidence in 11 this case. Okay? 12 MR. COLLINS: Thank you, Your Honor. 13 THE COURT: Next? 14 MR. COLLINS: Call Mr. Raymond Johnson. 15 THE CLERK: State your name for the record. Raymond J. Johnson. 16 Α. 17 RAYMOND JOHNSON, a witness called by the plaintiffs, first 18 having been duly sworn, testified as follows: 19 DIRECT EXAMINATION 20 BY MR. COLLINS: 21 0. Good afternoon, Ray. 22 Α. Good afternoon. 23 Q. How are you doing? 24 Α. Hanging in there.

All right. That's all we can ask this late in the day,

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Q.

- 1 right?
- 2 A. Yep.
- 3 Q. All right. Let's start this off by having the jury learn
- 4 | a little bit about you. Where are you from?
- 5 A. North Carolina. Franklin, North Carolina. I was born in
- 6 Worchester, Massachusetts.
- Q. Worchester, Massachusetts; home of Mr. Bachrach, I
- 8 believe, right?
- 9 A. He comes from Lester.
- 10 Q. Okay. Did you go to high school up in Worcester?
- 11 A. Yep.
- 12 Q. And went in the Army after that?
- 13 A. Yeah. No, I went in the Navy first.
- 14 Q. All right. What did you do in the Navy?
- 15 A. I was a clerk.
- 16 Q. What did you do as a clerk in the Navy?
- 17 A. I worked in a place where you had to get tags for your car
- 18 to go in and out of the gate.
- 19 Q. How long did you stay in the Navy?
- 20 A. Five years.
- 21 Q. What did you do when you got out of the Navy?
- 22 A. I went to work for four months, and I couldn't work for 75
- cents an hour, so I went back in the service.
- 24 Q. Did you go back in the Navy?
- 25 A. No, went in the Army.

- 1 Q. Why didn't you go back in the Navy?
  - A. I didn't like it.

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- Q. Did you find you could make more than 75 cents an hour in the Army?
- A. Well, paratroopers were getting \$55 extra a month; that helped.
- Q. All right. So let's talk a little bit about that. What kind of training did you get when you went in the Army?
- 9 A. I went to Fort Dix, New Jersey, for 16 weeks, for infantry training.
- 11 Q. Okay. And then what did you do?
- A. I went through the 82nd Airborne Division, and I went in G-2 section, I stayed there just a couple months, and I went to the 325 infantry battalion. From there, I went to the 376th field artillery, and I stayed there until I went overseas, and then I went to Special Forces.
  - Q. Okay. Now, what kind of training did you get when you went into Special Forces?
- A. Well, all kinds. Light weapons, heavy weapons,
  demolition, E and E, escape and evasion, map reading, compass
  reading.
- 22 Q. Where did they do all this training?
- 23 A. In the field.
- Q. In the field? Where?
- 25 A. 1957.

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1 Q. Where?

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- A. Fort Bragg, North Carolina.
- 3 📗 Q. North Carolina?
- 4 A. Yeah.
- 5 Q. Okay. Now, did you eventually come to have a specialty?
- 6 A. A commo. Communications.
- 7 Q. Now, as a commo, what were your duties and obligations?
- A. I took messages, sent them out, encrypted them, decrypted them, and that's about it.
- Q. Okay. Now, after your training at Fort Bragg, did the
  United States Army decide that they needed you somewhere else
  in the world?
  - A. Yeah, they needed me in -- first, before I went to Nam,

    Vietnam, I went to Panama Canal with 8th Special Forces, they

    just opened up a new camp there in '61. And I was there until

    '65. When I got out of there in '65, I came back to the

    States, and then that's when they gave me my orders to go to a

    good place where it's actually warm, Vietnam.
- 19 Q. Okay. Where did they send you in Vietnam?
- A. I went to Saigon -- No. Yeah, I went to Saigon; from
  Saigon I went to Nha Trang; from Nha Trang I went to Can Tho;
  from Can Tho I went to A-424.
- 23 Q. Okay. And A-424 is --
- 24 A. An Phu.
- 25 | Q. -- An Phu, right?

- 1 A. Yep.
- Q. Now, when you arrived in An Phu, were the plaintiffs
- 3 there?
- 4 A. No. None of them. They came in after me. Strait and
- 5 Sirois came in after me. The only one that was there that I
- 6 know of was Sergeant Taylor.
- 7 Q. How about Mr. Kuchen?
- 8 A. No, he left I got there, I think in April sometime, and
- 9 he left in March.
- 10 Q. Okay. How about Colonel Marvin?
- 11 A. Oh, yeah, he definitely, he was there.
- 12 | Q. He was already there by the time you got there?
- 13 A. Oh, yeah, he was there.
- 14 Q. Did you take over for somebody else that was --
- 15 A. No.
- 16 Q. -- in communications?
- A. We had one communications sergeant, and he was just a
- sergeant, and I was an SFC, sergeant first class.
- 19 **Q.** Right.
- 20 A. And I took over -- well, he stood there, and I took over
- 21  $\parallel$  the -- to be the honcho.
- 22 Q. I got you. So he stayed there?
- A. Oh, yeah, he stayed there. I think he left before I did,
- 24 or something like that.
- 25 Q. Okay. Now what was his name?

1 A. Eleam.

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- Q. Okay. How long were you in An Phu with Colonel Marvin?
- A. I think about four months or three months, something like that.
  - Q. Okay, when you left was he still there?
- 6 A. Oh, yeah, he was there.
- 7 Q. Okay. Now, you've read this, right?
  - A. Oh, yeah. A bunch of -- well, just a bunch of --
- 9 Q. Okay. How did you find out about the book?
- 10 A. Captain Marvin sent it to me. I read some of it, and then
- 11 when I got to my story, my -- I read mine, I got sick of it,
- 12 and I put it in an envelope and I sent it to Jim Taylor.
- Q. Okay. Did you have any communication with Colonel Marvin before the book came out?
- 15 A. Oh, yeah. Yeah. I called him up about twice, I think.
- 16 Q. Okay. Tell me about those conversations.
- 17 A. Well, the first one that -- when I went -- when I went
- 18 back and joined the Special Forces Association -- I got out of
- 19 it for awhile and then I went back to it. And that's when
- 20 Marvin, we had just a little booklet, BBTs, blind broadcast
- 21 transmissions. And he -- they put my name in there, the come
- 22 back kid of the year, or something like that. And Marvin sent
- a letter to Jimmy Dean, and Jimmy Dean forwarded it to me, and
- 24 he had a list in there that -- write down some stuff in there
- 25 what we did in An Phu and all that other stuff. And I didn't

- 1 want to make it up, so I called him up, and I told him that --
- 2 he said he was going to put it on a tape; I said put it on a 3
- 4 So Colonel Marvin sent you some sort of questionnaire?
- 5 Α. Yeah, there you go.
- 6 Q. Right? And you didn't want to bother with it?
- 7 Α. No. So I --

tape.

- 8 Q. So you called Colonel Marvin?
- 9 So I called him up and he put it on the tape. A.
- 10 0. Okay. Now, did he eventually call you and tape that
- 11 conversation?
- 12 A. No, I called him.
- 13 Q. You called him?
- 14 A. Yeah, because I didn't see him since '65.
- 15 0. You were in North Carolina at this time?
- 16 No, I had just came from Panama -- Oh, yeah, I was in Fort
- 17 Bragg.
- 18 So you called him and he taped the conversation?
- 19 A. Yeah.
- 20 So it was your long-distance bill? Q.
- 21 Oh, well, just --A.
- 22 All right. We're going to get to the tape in a minute,
- 23 but first thing I want to do is go over just a couple things
- 24 in the book --
- 25 A. Okay.

- Q. -- that mention you. Have you got your copy of the book there? All right. Now, I went through the index and I found
- 3 13 or 14 mentions of your name in the book.
- 4 A. Okay.
- Q. All right? In order to kind of cut to the chase in this thing, I only want to cover three of those with you today.
- 7 A. Okay.
- 8 Q. Okay? The first one is I want you to look at page 210.
- 9 Are you with me, Ray?
- 10 A. I've got you.
- Q. All right. Next-to-last paragraph on that page. It reads, "On return to camp I met with Taylor, Johnson, Brown and Sirois, while --"
- 14 A. You -- Go ahead. I'm sorry.
  - Q. That's all right. "-- while Eleam held down the commo bunker. After bringing them up to date on our meeting at subsector, I asked Jim to request an SLR mission on the latest day they could make the run and get the photos to us by morning of the 17th. 'Shoot for that, Jim,' I emphasized. 'You'll have the afternoon to go over the photos with a fine tooth comb and then brief Major Le and me that evening.'"
- Now, do you know what he's talking about there?
- 23 A. No.

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Q. Did you ever have any need while you were in An Phu, to request SLR or other photo recon missions or anything like

- 1 | that?
- 2 A. Never. Never.
- 3 Q. Okay.
- 4 A. It was a quiet area. Pacified area. It was nothing going
- 5 there, it was like an R and R area.
- 6 Q. Did you ever play horseshoes with the guys?
- A. Oh, I imagine I did. I can't remember, that's been quite awhile ago, 40 years ago.
- 9 Q. Okay. Let's go to the next one, on page 244.
- 10 A. Okay.
- 11 Q. Now, this is in the chapter Hell's Fury Unleashed at Khanh
- Bin, which I believe you heard testimony is the fire fight, is
- 13 | that correct?
- 14 A. Where's that on 244?
- 15 | Q. The part that | I want to ask you about is right in the
- 16 middle of the page. It's a paragraph that starts, I had Ray
- 17 | Johnson --
- 18 A. Oh, yeah, okay, go ahead.
- 19 Q. You see that?
- 20 A. Yeah, I see it.
- 21 | Q. All right. That paragraph goes on to say, "I had Ray
- 22 Johnson put in an urgent request for helicopter gunships to
- 23 attack the VC who had settled in near AP III. 'Have the lead
- ship pick me up to guide them to the target, Ray.' And you
- 25 respond, 'I'll take care of it, Dai-uy.'"

- Now, do you remember calling in helicopter gunships in the --
  - A. We didn't need no gunships.

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- 4 Q. -- in the battle of Khanh Bin?
- A. We didn't need no ships down there. The only aircraft we got in there was a helicopter to bring our mail in, or bring somebody in there and take somebody out. But no gunships.
- Q. Okay. Did you ever see any gunships used when you were in An Phu?
  - A. No. Maybe I did when they flew over.
- 12 Q. Right, but did you ever have any need to call them in to support ground troops?
- 13 A. No, never. Never.
- 14 Q. Okay. All right. Now I want you to look at page 257.
- Now, what's the title of that chapter? Can you see it there in big black bold print?
- 17 A. Oh. Oh, yeah, go ahead.
- Q. Is the title Mission: Assassinate a Prince? You see that?
- 20 A. Go ahead.
- Q. All right. First part I want to direct you to is down in the second paragraph of that page, where it says, "The screen door that opened into the operations center and briefing area from our command and communications bunker slammed with a loud noise as Ray Johnson rushed through the building to my office,

- handed me a message and blurted out, 'From the B Team, Dai-uy, it's a hot one.' Short and to the point it read, company man en route to your location. ETA 0900. I glanced at my watch.
  - "'Hot all right, Ray, but not the kind of heat I expected.
    Wonder what they're up to.'
  - "'Got me, Dai-uy. Didn't you expect a monumental chewing out by Colonel Brewer for telling the Navy to stay out of our area?'"
  - Q. Now, let me ask you something. There's a reference to something called a company man on page 257.
  - A. Yeah.

It was 0820.

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- Q. And apparently you have told Dai-uy Marvin that the company man is en route to visit them.
  - A. Yes.
    - Q. That's what this says, isn't that?
- 17 A. That's what it says in the book.
  - Q. Now, what's a company man?
- 19 A. The only one that I could think of would be a CIA agent.
- Q. Okay. Did you ever rush in and tell Colonel Marvin that a CIA man was en route to see him?
- A. I never seen a CIA agent in camp An Phu in the four months or three months I was there. I never seen one.
- Q. Can you think of any reason why a CIA man would want to come to An Phu?

- 1 A. No reason at all, I don't believe.
- 2 | Q. Was --
- 3 A. I never seen one.
- 4 Q. Was your team involved in any top secret or covert
- 5 operations?
- 6 A. Not that I know of.
- 7 Q. Okay. One more thing, and then we'll put the book down.
- 8 | Page 266.
- 9 A. Go ahead.
- 10 Q. Now, keeping in mind that the title of this chapter is
- 11 Assassinate a Prince, the middle of that page contains a
- 12 paragraph.
- 13 A. Yeah. Go ahead, I got it.
- 14 Q. All right. Follow me along to make sure I read it
- 15 correctly.
- 16 A. Go ahead.
- 17 Q. "At breakfast on the 13th, as Major Le stood up before his
- assembled Strikers asking for volunteers, I briefed my men on
- 19 Operation Snuff Crown, and gave copies of the planning paper
- 20 to Lieutenant Strait, Sergeant Taylor and Sergeant Johnson."
- Now, let me ask you something, let me stop right there.
- 22 When Colonel Marvin says he's briefing his men on Operation
- 23 Snuff Crown, who is he talking about as his men?
- 24 A. I imagine it's -- well, at that time I wouldn't know,
- 25 because we didn't have no meeting.

- 1 Q. Well, who was there on the team? Obviously Sergeant
- 2 Taylor was there, isn't that right?
- 3 A. Yeah, but they didn't have no meeting.
- 4 Q. Okay. I'm just trying to get us to the --
- 5 A. Okay.
- 6 Q. Okay? Strait was there?
- 7 A. He -- there was no meeting.
- 8 Q. Was Strait at the camp?
- 9 A. I believe so.
- 10 Q. Okay. Mr. Kuchen? Was he there?
- 11 | A. No, he was gone. He was way gone.
- 12 Q. Mr. Sirois?
- 13 A. Yeah, he was there.
- 14 Q. Okay. You were there?
- 15 A. You know, I was there, but there was no meeting.
- 16 Q. Okay. I understand that. All right. Now let's go on a
- 17 | little bit.
- 18 A. Okay.
- 19 Q. "Telling them the training must begin on the 14th, I
- 20 I instructed John Strait to meet with Lieutenant Ba as soon as
- 21 we broke up and get squared away on LLDB cadre support and
- 22 scheduling. I asked Ray Johnson to get what was needed for a
- 23 sterile, unquote, operation."
- Now, what is a sterile operation?
- 25 A. It's something that you can't identify the person that's

- going in the area. You either give him a Chinese weapon or something like that, or a Russian weapon and go in there. If
- 3 you're captured --
- 4 Q. Like we see in the movies?
- 5 🛮 A. Yeah, just like Rambo.
- 6 Q. Right. Did you ever have this meeting?
- 7 A. No. No such meeting.
- 8 Q. Okay.
- 9 A. No such meeting.
- Q. So you were never part of a meeting in an attempt to assassinate Prince Sihanouk?
- 12 A. I didn't know nothing about it. There was no meeting on that. I didn't hear anything on that.
- 14 Q. So you never heard Colonel Marvin --
- 15 A. No.
- 16 Q. -- give the team a briefing on Operation Snuff Crown?
- 17 A. No. Never heard of that.
- 18 Q. Did you ever hear of Snuff Crown?
- A. Yeah, he sent me a book on that, and I sent it to Taylor,
- 20 after I read about ten pages.
- Q. Okay. Now, that's all I'm going to ask you about the
- 22 book. You've identified at least three parts in the book with
- 23 me --
- 24 A. Yeah.
- 25 Q. -- that you indicated to me are untrue.

- 1 A. Right.
- 2 Q. Is that correct?
- 3 A. Right.

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- 4 Q. Do you consider yourself to have a good reputation?
- 5 A. I have a good one, but not now anymore, ever since the book come out.
- Q. All right. Let's visit that for a minute. How has the publication of this book affected your reputation?
  - A. In money value, it didn't hurt reputation. You can't -for your reputation, there's no money involved that could
    do -- my reputation was good, my reputation is good now, but
    when I go to Special Forces meeting, they ask me about that,
    about the book, if it's true, if it's not true. They -- they
    want to call you heroes, but you're not a hero, because
    nothing happened at An Phu. It was a resort area.
  - Q. And do some of your friends kid you about it sometimes?
  - A. They kid me all the time.
    - Q. Okay. And that makes you mad, doesn't it?

      MR. BACHRACH: Objection, Your Honor.

20 THE COURT: Sustained.

MR. COLLINS: All right.

- 22 BY MR. COLLINS:
- Q. Now, let's talk about this tape for a second.
- 24 A. Okay.
- Q. We have a tape here that I believe is a tape of a

1 telephone conversation between yourself and Colonel Marvin. 2 Is that correct? 3 I believe it's the first one -- I believe I'm the Yeah. one that called him and he taped it. I told -- he told me he 4 5 was going to tape it and I told him go ahead, tape it, I 6 didn't care. 7 MR. COLLINS: Any objections to playing the tape from 8 you guys? 9 MR. BACHRACH: What? 10 MR. COLLINS: Any objections to playing the tape? 11 MR. BACHRACH: No, we want it in. 12 BY MR. COLLINS: 13 Q. Mr. Johnson, is your hearing better than Mr. Strait's? 14 A. Yeah, I believe so. 15 If you have problems hearing this, please let me know and 16 I'll see what we dan do. 17 MR. COLLINS: Can we play this, Your Honor? 18 THE COURT: Sure. 19 (Audio tape was played.) 20 MR. COLLINS: Judge, we have it digitized on 21 Mr. Ogiba's laptop. We think we have better sound quality. 22 THE COURT: Can't be a worse sound quality. 23 (Audic tape was played.) BY MR. COLLINS: 24 25 0. Okay. You remember that tape, right?

- 1 A. Yeah. Sure do.
- Q. Let me ask you just a couple questions and then I'll turn
- 3 you over to the other side here.
- 4 A. Okay.
- 5 Q. There was some comments that were made by both you and
- 6 Colonel Marvin in that tape about being under siege. Did you
- 7 hear those?
- 8 A. Yeah.
- 9 Q. Do you ever remember being under siege at An Phu?
- 10 A. No. No. Never under siege.
- 11 Q. Okay.
- 12 A. I told him that.
- 13 Q. Okay. When you were issued standard equipment at the
- 14 camp, did you get some sort of vest, protective vest?
- 15 A. No.
- 16 0. You never did?
- 17 A. No.
- 18 Q. Because there was -- I seemed to have recalled a reference
- 19 📕 in the tape to some vest that you guys just didn't wear. Was
- 20 I mistaken in that?
- 21 | A. Not that I know of. We didn't have no armorproof vest.
- 22 Q. Okay.
- 23 A. They didn't come out until after -- hell, I left, they
- 24 came back out with them when I went back the second time.
- 25 | Q. I gotcha. All right. The last thing I want to ask about,

- 1 it seems like to me that you went to great pains to make sure 2 that Colonel Marvin knew that he was a good commanding
- 3 officer.
- A. I thought he was a good team leader. I thought he was a terrific team leader.
- 6 Q. And he was, wasn't he?
- A. He was. I liked him. But not when the book came out, when he wrote the book.
- 9 Q. Um-hum. Let me ask you something. When you made this 10 tape, was it to help Colonel Marvin write a novel?
- 11 A. I didn't even know --
- 12 MR. BACHRACH: Objection.
- A. -- he was going to write a novel. I didn't know he was going to write a book.
  - MR. COLLINS: That's all I have. Thank you,
    Mr. Johnson. Answer any questions that defense may have.
    - CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 18 BY MR. BACHRACH:

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- 19 Q. Good the evening, Mr. Johnson, how are you?
- 20 A. Hanging in there.
- 21 Q. That's good. I try not to try not take too much of your
- 22 time. On your direct testimony you discussed sterile weapons.
- What did you mean by sterile weapons?
- A. Well, like I said, AR-16, Chinese weapons, something that
- 25 wouldn't go back to the U.S.

- 1 | Q. When were those used?
- $^2$   $\blacksquare$  A. Hum? Well, he said that he wanted a sterile operation.
- 3  $\square$  Q. How did you know what a sterile operation is?
- $^4$   $\blacksquare$  A. Because I just knew what it was; I was a Special Forces.
- 5 Q. Are sterile operations part of Special Forces?
  - A. No, not that I know of.

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- Q. Well, then how did you relate sterile operations to Special Forces? I asked you how you knew about sterile operations, and you said because of Special Forces.
  - A. Well, yeah, it was Special Forces. It was like if somebody was going to go into Cambodia, like he says we did, he wanted something that if we were killed, wounded or whatever, that when we got caught, it would be no American weapons on you or no American radios or no uniforms, no American uniforms.
  - Q. So you're aware that Special Forces do engage, from time to time, in sterile operations?
  - A. Well, I imagine they did.
- 19 Q. Because you were aware of what sterile operations meant.
- 20 A. No. Sterile operation is sterile operations.
- Q. Correct. And you know that through your service in the Green Berets.
- 23 A. Yeah.
- Q. Now, I wanted to draw your attention to the fact that you recall me having a telephone deposition with you when you were

- 1 in the office of --
- 2 A. Oh, yeah, yeah, I remember that, yeah.
- $^3$  Q. Now, do you remember that that day was the first time you
- 4 had ever seen the complaint filed on your behalf?
- 5 A. Yep.
- 6 Q. You had never seen the complaint filed --
- 7 A. No.
- 8 Q. -- before?
- 9 | A. No.
- 10 Q. To whom did you give permission to file the complaint on
- 11 | your behalf?
- 12 A. I didn't.
- 13 Q. You didn't give anyone permission?
- 14 A. No.
- 15 Q. So the complaint was filed on your behalf without your
- 16 permission?
- 17 A. I guess -- I guess so. I just said that.
- 18 Q. Now, on the tape you heard, and I won't replay it unless
- 19 you --
- 20 A. No, no, go ahead.
- 21 | Q. No, no, you recall discussing a mission or a trip into
- 22 Cambodia.
- 23 A. Yeah, but I just got in country. I just got there. If
- 24 they told me I was in Thailand, I would have thought I was in
- 25 | Thailand. Because I didn't know where I was. I never got

- 1 briefed where I was, where Cambodia was or where anything was.
- 2 Q. But as part of a mission you, Colonel Marvin and some
- 3 others went into Cambodia?
- 4 A. No. I said I thought we went in Cambodia; we were still in Vietnam. South Vietnam.
- Q. It's your testimony that you didn't say on the tape that you went into Cambodia?
- A. I said that we went into Cambodia on tape, but we didn't
  go in there. Like I just said, if they told me I was in
  Thailand or Japan, I would have believed them, because I
- 12 Q. At what point did you determine that you weren't -- didn't go to Cambodia?

didn't get no briefing where I was. Or where Cambodia was.

- A. When we come back from that little escapade, I found out that we did not go in Cambodia, that we just went on the outskirts.
- Q. You didn't say that on the tape though.
- 18 A. I'm saying it now.
- 19 Q. Well, let's play that portion of the tape so that we're clear on what you said.
- 21 (Audio tape was played.)
- 22 Q. Now, that was your discussion on the tape, and nowhere --
- 23 A. That's right, that's my voice.
- 24 Q. Okay.

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25 A. I said it, and it's got to be true.

- 1 Q. You discussed on the tape a big party with General Quang?
- 2 A. Yeah.
- 3 Q. And that was a victory celebration?
- 4 A. I don't know.
- 5 Q. You didn't know what was occurring at that point?
- 6 A. No, I thought it was just a party. A drunk party.
- Q. But you do recall a victory celebration where General
- 8 Quang was present.
- 9 A. I didn't know it was a victory celebration.
- 10 Q. You do recall a celebration?
- 11 A. I recall a celebration. I think they were giving medals
- 12 out to somebody, but I didn't get one.
- 13 Q. Do you recall who got medals?
- 14 A. No, I don't remember.
- 15 Q. Do you recall if any of the plaintiffs got medals?
- 16 A. No, I -- no, I don't.
- 17 Q. Now, again directing your attention to the deposition that
- 18 I took of you by telephone.
- 19 A. Go ahead.
- 20 Q. Do you recall me asking you, "Question: And did you speak
- 21 to Colonel Marvin and ask him not to print that? No.
- 22 Question: Why not? Because it was a bunch of bullshit.
- 23 Question: Well, wouldn't that cause you to call someone and
- 24 said, don't print that, I don't -- Answer: No, I didn't.
- 25 Listen to me, please, I did not call Colonel Marvin about

- 1 | that. Question: | Did it bother you enough to call him?
- 2 Answer: No. Why didn't it bother you? I said it didn't
- 3 bother you. Question: I know. Why didn't it bother you?
- 4 Because I thought it was nothing but a bunch of bullshit.
- 5 Question: Does it bother you today? No, I laugh at it."
- 6 Do you recall giving that --
- 7 A. Yeah.
- 8 Q. -- testimony?
- 9 A. I recall giving that statement.
- 10 Q. And so you don't -- the book Expendable Elite, as I
- understand your testimony, doesn't bother you because it's a
- 12 | bunch of bullshit?
- 13 A. It's a bunch of bullshit.
- 14 Q. Excuse my language.
- 15 A. Excuse mine.
- Q. I'd like to direct the jury's attention to Exhibit 30 of defendants.
- MR. BACHRACH: May I approach the witness, Your 19 Honor?
- 20 THE COURT: Sure.
- Q. Now, Mr. Johnson, this is a letter that Dan Marvin wrote to you, correct?
- A. He wrote me that I was sending him The Drop. I was sending him The Drop, but I didn't know that the book was coming out. If I knew the book was coming out and it was

1 written this way, I wouldn't have sent him nothing.

- Q. But at this point -- could you read -- Is this your writing?
  - A. Yeah, I said that's my writing, I remember it. "Dan, check page three. I have it underlined. Please don't say anything to SF, Special Forces, about me sending you the BTB and The Drop."
  - Q. So you didn't want him to let anyone know that you had sent him that?
    - A. Yeah, because I didn't know the book was coming out. But after I sent it to him and the book come out, I told Special Forces about me sending him The Drop. The Drop is a magazine that comes out every three months, and it gives information on all the Special Forces Association all over the U.S., and even in Thailand, Korea, Afghanistan. They just got one in Afghanistan, I understand, from The Drop. But if I knew this book was coming out, the way it's written right here, I wouldn't have sent him nothing.
    - Q. But before the book came out, you sent him that, and you didn't want him to tell the Special Forces?
    - A. Right, I didn't want him telling the Special Forces.
  - Q. Because you didn't want the Special Forces to know you were communicating with Colonel Marvin.
- A. Right. Because I knew he was thrown out of Special Forces for doing something -- Never mind.

- 1 Q. Well -- Now, did you discuss the book at all with Jimmy
- 2 Dean?
- 3 A. No.
- 4 Q. Did you discuss the book with anyone at Special Forces?
- 5 A. Except Sergeant Taylor. We talked on the phone about that
- 6 book, and I told him it was a -- all a bunch of lies about me.
- 7 Q. Did you tell anyone else from Special Forces it was a
- 8 | bunch of lies?

- 9 A. Not that I know of. If I did, I can't remember.
- 10  $\mathbb{Q}$ . Do you recall, in or about June 2nd of 2003, writing to
- 11 Captain -- Colone Marvin, after you received the book?
- 12 A. I can't remember if I wrote him a letter or not.
- 13 Q. Do you recognize this document?
- 14 A. Yeah. I remember it.
  - Q. Is that a letter you wrote to Colonel Marvin?
- 16 A. I believe so. If it says to Colonel Marvin, it's Colonel
  17 Marvin.
- MR. BACHRACH: I'd like to introduce this into
  evidence with the little -- have to redact the top because
- 20 there's some handwriting.
- MR. COLLINS: Could we have a minute just to read it.
- It hasn't been introduced into evidence, as far as I know,
- 23 it's not in the books that we've already agreed on.
- 24 MR. BACHRACH: Right.
- THE COURT: Mark it for identification right now,

- 1 | since we have to number it sooner or later anyway.
- 2 MR. COLLINS: Judge, may we approach, please?
- 3 (Discussion held off the record at side bar.)
- 4 BY MR. BACHRACH:

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- Q. Do you recall sending a letter to Colonel Marvin after
- 6 having read the book?
  - A. It's right there.
- 8 Q. Do you recall ever telling Colonel Marvin in a letter that
- 9 you gave the book to your brother?
- 10 A. Yeah. You know what he did with it, don't you? He sent
- 11 | it back to me. He said it's a bunch of bull.
- 12 Q. Your brother said it was a bunch of bull?
- 13 A. Yeah.
- Q. And you also asked -- ordered a book for your daughter, or
- 15 sister? If I recall in the letter.
- 16 A. Not that I know of. What would my sister want with it?
- 17 Q. Well, do you recall ordering a book?
- 18 A. No, I don't. |If it's in the letter, I did then.
- 19 Q. And you paid \$35 for it, and asked that it be sent the
- 20 cheapest way possible?
- 21 A. I don't know. I may have. If it's in the letter, it's in
- 22 | the letter. I must have said it then.
- 23  $\blacksquare$  Q. Do you recall saying in the letter that the book was a
- 24 good read?
- 25 A. Yeah, I remember that, I said it right off the start.

- Q. On page -- I just want to direct your attention, you have been sitting here through the trial and you've heard the testimony about that part of the book where the camp at A-24, Colonel Marvin got orders to move in June of -- mid June of
  - A. That's been over 40 years ago.

1966 to go to B Team, correct?

- Q. Well, let me show you page 276 and 277.
- A. Okay.

Q. Now, in the middle of 277 it discusses, "Our meeting was interrupted at approximately 1000 hours on the 17th as Marvin Woolley rushed in and handed me a message saying, 'This looks real important, Dai-uy, so I brought it to you right away.'

"I read it aloud. Secret. To Marvin. Urgent. Group HQS received priority message from LLDB. Ky has withdrawn amnesty from CIDG of An Phu. All will go before military tribunal after conversion to regional forces. Do nothing until advised. Sergeant Tuttle."

Do you see that? You saw me --

- A. Yeah. Sergeant Tuttle?
- Q. Signed. I'm sorry, signed, Tuttle. Now, you weren't in

  An Phu at that time, correct? Because if I draw your

  attention --
- 23 A. I don't believe so. I got it right here. I don't believe 24 so.
  - Q. Correct. You had received -- you had gotten a leave to go

- 1 to Saigon.
- 2 I don't know if it was Saigon. I went on a chow run. A.
- 3 So you weren't there during the time period that you've
- 4 heard discussed with the -- Colonel Marvin received messages,
- 5 and there was -- the plaintiffs are claiming that there was a
- mutiny -- they're being accused of mutiny? 6
- 7 No, I never heard of it. Α.
  - So you aren't being accused of mutiny in the book?
- 9 Well, if I was in the A Team and I was assigned to the A
- 10 Team, then I committed mutiny even though I was in South -- in
- 11 Saigon.

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- Well, you weren't aware of the orders to return -- to go 12
- 13 to E Team, were you, because you weren't in the camp at the
- 14 time?
- 15 Α. No, that's true.
- 16 So you couldn't have been in violation of an order,
- 17 because you weren't present.
- 18 A. That's true.
- 19 MR. BACHRACH: I have no further questions, Your

REDIRECT EXAMINATION

- 20 Honor.
- 21 MR. COLLINS: Two questions.
- 22
- 23 BY MR. COLLINS:
- 24 0. Mr. Johnson.
- 25 A. Yes.

You remember this group, you're a member of this group of plaintiffs that filed suit against Colonel Marvin? Right. Α. MR. COLLINS: Make that one question. THE COURT: Anything else? MR. BACHRACH: Nothing, Your Honor. THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen of the jury, time to go home. See y'all at 9:30 in the morning. Don't discuss the case with each other or allow anyone to discuss it with you. See you tomorrow. (Court adjourned at 5:56 p.m.) 

1	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATION	
2		
3	I, Debra L. Potocki, RMR, RDR, CRR, Official	Court
4	Reporter for the United States District Court for the D	istrict
5	of South Carolina, hereby certify that the foregoing is	a true
6	and correct transcript of the stenographically recorded	above
7	proceedings.	
8		
9		
10	S/Debra L. Potocki	
11		
12	Debra L. Potocki, RMR, RDR, CRR	
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